THE WEATHER

Fair Monday and Tuesday.

THE MORNING STAR

WILMINGTON

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VOL. XCV—NO. 41. WILMINGTON, N. C., MONDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 2, 1914 WHOLE NUMBER 13,807.

AMBASSADORS OF THE ALLIED NATIONS HAVE LEFT TURKEY

Note Delivered to Turkey by Great Britain Last Friday Was in Reality an Ultimatum, Demanding a Reply by Saturday—Eleven Nations Are Now at War—Three Others May Also Join In the Battles.

TURKISH TROOPS HAVE ALREADY INVADED EGYPT

The Battle in Northern France and Along the Belgian Coast is Growing More Desperate, But No Definite Changes Are Made in Their Front—Petrograd Claims Further Russian Successes in the East.

London, Nov. 1.—Turkey has definitely thrown her lot with Austria and Germany, and if Portugal is counted there now are eleven powers at war with prospects of three more—Greece, Bulgaria and Roumania—being drawn in.

The note which Great Britain presented to Turkey on Friday demanding an explanation of the actions of the Turkish fleet in the Black sea, and the dismanling of the former German cruisers—the Goeben and the Breslau—was really an ultimatum to which Turkey was required to make a reply by Saturday evening. So far as is known here, telegraphic communication with Turkey being interrupted, no answer was made, and the ambassadors of the triple entente at the Ottoman capital, it is understood, demanded and received their passports.

Turkish troops which had been on the Egyptian border for some time already are reported to have crossed the frontier, while the Turkish fleet continues to menace Russian towns and shipping in the Black sea.

Neither Russia nor Great Britain was unprepared for this move by Turkey, and the allied powers have forces on hand to oppose a Turkish invasion.

When the regular forces were withdrawn from Egypt to take part in the war in Europe, they immediately were replaced by troops from home much greater in numbers, at least, and only last week they paraded through the streets at Cairo, making a splendid appearance.

The problem for both England and Russia, however, is the attitude of their Moslem subjects who, under ordinary circumstances, would prefer not to fight against Turkey.

Another problem relates to the atti-tude of Rumania, Bulgaria and Greece. Bulgaria, owing her existence to Russia and being under many obligations to Gerat Britain, is desirous of seizing Thrace as far east as the Enos-Midia line, which she was awarded by the London conference, after the first Balkan war, but which Turkey re-took, when Bulgaria was attacked by Greece and Servia, would naturally side with the entente. But she objects, politicians point out, to fighting side by side with Greece and Servia.

Russia, however, is expected to ask Bulgaria definitely on which side she is ranged, as her mere neutrality, under the circumstances, appears insufficient. Should she join the Austrians and Germans, Rumania is almost certain to declare for the allies and Greece, even before this, may decide to take her revenge on Turkey. In fact, it is believed her treaty with Servia would compel her to take action, should the latter be attacked by Bulgaria or Turkey.

Italy, too, is brought nearer to war by the entrance of Turkey, for she has large Mediterranean possessions to protect.

The fighting in the last few days in Flanders and France has been but a repetition of what has been going on for days past. The Germans have continued to push their attack, aimed ultimately at French coast ports, but, as before, it has been a ding-dong affair, one side making progress only to lose the ground gained the next night or day.

From the point of view of the allies their position is safe as the Germans are no nearer their goal than a week ago. There have been tremendous losses. While the capture of a few prisoners and guns from one side or the other is a matter of daily occurrence, fighting has become severe along the river Aisne, in the Argonne forest and along the river Aisne, in the Argonne forest and along the river Meuse, between Verdun and Toul, but so far without making any appreciable change in the fronts of the two armies.

The German armies are said by the Russians to have been defeated before Warsaw and Ivangorod. Theyecontinue to fall back and the new Russian front now extends in a semicircle from Plock, northwest of Warsaw, on through Lodz and Piotrkow and Ostrolec southwest of Radom.

In Galicia the Russians are having more difficulty in dislodging the Austrians from their position on the San.

It is officially announced that owing to Germans making prisoners of all Belgians and Frenchmen of military age in occupied territory, German and Austrian reservists will be arrested on neutral ships. It is decalred, however, that the ships will be subjected to as little inconvenience as possible.

AMBASSADORS GET PASSPORTS

French, British and Russian Representatives Leave Turkish Empire.

Canstantinoule, Oct. 31.—via London, Nov. 1.—The Amabssadors of Russia, Great Britain and France have received their passports. The Russian and British ambassadors will leave tonight and the French ambassador tomorrow.

CLAIM RUSSIA FIRED FIRST.

Turkey Declares That Russian Fleet Opened Fire on Turkish Vessels

Berlin, Nov. 1.—(By wirless to Sayville, L. I.)—An official Turkish report forwarded from Constantinople to The Frankfurter Zeitung says the Russians opened hostilities October 28, by firing on a portion of the Turkish fleet after having for some time interferred with the evolutions of the warships.

Describing the naval action in the Black sea, which was said to be continuing at the time of the announcement the report says:

"The Turkish fleet sank the Russian mine layer Prut, the torpedoboat destroyer Kubanets, captured a collier and severely damaged a coast defense ship.

Other mattar furnished to the press from official sources says:

"Russia by threats is now attempting to incite Bulgaria to make war on Turkey. Bulgaria is firmly resisting this corecion.

"Minister of Foreign Affairs Von Jagow, in a telegram to the Dresdan Anzeiger announces that reprisals will be made on British subjects in Germany if Great Britain does not yield without delay to the German request for release of German civilians in England."

FLEW RUSSIAN FLAG.

Reports Says That Turkish Cruiser Under False Colors in Attack

London, Nov. 1.—The Turkish cruiser Hamidieh, which bombarded the Russian port of Novorossysk Thursday, flew the Russian flag as she approached the city, according to Reuter's Petrograd correspondent.

The cruiser fired 200 shells during a three hour's bombardment. The fire was directed mostly at the oil tanks, merchantment and grain elevators.

The Turks fired one hundred shells in their bombardment of Theodosia on Thursday.

IS CROWN PRINCE DEAD?

Private Letters Received in America Refer to "Funeral of Crown Prince"

Washington, November 1.—A private letter received by a young woman in Washington from a lieutenant in the German army refers to "the funeral of the Crown Prince".

The letter came to the attention of State Department official when its recipient asked the American government to undertake to transmit a reply. It made only casual reference to "the funeral," speaking of the big crowds present.

A week ago dispatches from London reported the recipt there of private letters saying the crown prince had been buried.

(Continued on Page Two.)

Territory in Danger Through Turkey's Entrance Into the War

Despatches from various points throughout the world indicate that the Turks have at last entered the war. They bombarded Odessa, on the Black Sea, the other day from a battleship believed to be Breslau or the Goeben, which were acquired from the German government. A Russian gunboat was sunk there and a French merchant ship was damaged. Later Turkey officers landed at Theodosia, in Crimea, but the Russian governor promptly imprisoned them.

This map shows the western coast of the Black Sea, where the Turks will probably assail Russian towns. It also shows Greece. The port of Avlona, on the east coast of the Adriatic, commanding the straits between Italy and the mainland, a part of Albania, has been occupied by the Italians. Had Italy taken this action before the war she would have precipitated a crisis that might have brought on the great conflict much sooner.

TSING TAU FIGHT GROWS DESPERATE

Germans Making Strong Resistance to Japanese.

SHIP YARDS ARE AFIRE

Reflection of Flames Can Be Seen Far Out to Sea—Japanese Land and Sea Forces Make Desperate Effort to Capture Fort

Tokio, Nov. 1—Official advices show that a desperate battle is in progress at Tsing Tau. For miles the sea reflects the flames from burning ship yards, gas reservoirs and houses set afire by shells from the Japanese warships and land artillery which cover infantry rushes.

The Germans are strongly intrenched, having at least thirty fortified positions 500 guns and elaborate systems of barbed wire entanglements and subterranean mines. Since October 28th. there have been casualties.

The Kaiser's fort has replied fiercely. The guns of Itis fort have done no damage.

It is stated that [illegible] ute to the gallantry of Meye[illegible] German Governor of Kiaochau, the demand for the surrender of Tsing Tau has been made.

RUSSIANS CONTINUE ADVANCE.

Reports From Petrograd Tell of Germans and Austrians Being Driven Back

Petrograd, Nov. 1.—The Russian general staff makes the following official announcement:

"On the East Prussian front, our troops are progressing in the region of Wladislawow (Government of Suwalki) and the forest of Romentin.

"The German attacks in the region of Gakalarzevo have ceased after terrible losses by the enemy.

"Beyond the Vistula we have advanced victoriously along the whole front. We have occupied Petrikau, Opotozno and Ojoroff. On the roads leading to Opatoff we routed the rear guard of the enemy, took 400 prisoners and captured six rapid fire guns, convoys and provisions.

"Upon the San, near Lezachovo, a regiment, profiting by the panic among the Austrians took by assault, a temporary fort. Five officers, 500 soldiers and five rapid fire guns were captured.

"A column of the enemy which descended upon the Carpathians, and fortified itself near Nadvarna was put to flight."

CLAIM GERMANS RETREATING

Fierce Attack of the Allied Forces Said to be Driving Them from Coast

London, Nov. 1.—The way to Bruges now is open to the allies owing to their re-capture of Roulers and the Germans digging new trenches behind Ghent with feverish energy. To do this is to announce their retreat.

This statement is made in The Observer in a dispatch dated "Near the Franco-Belgian frontier."

The message continues:

"A German officer captured yesterday estimates that there have been 150,000 Germans killed or wounded since the occupation of Ostend. Whole batteries and battalions have been annihilated. Thousands have been drowned, as the result of the opening of dikes. In hand to hand fighting, the German losses have far exceeded those of the allies.

"The shattered German regiments are being given no time to reform. They are abandoning their wounded, guns and transports. Unless their fleet comes out to create a diversion, they will be driven from the Belgian coast within a week.

MILLIONS TO AID NON-COMBATANTS

Rockefeller Foundation Send Commission to Europe.

VESSEL LOAD OF FOOD

John D. Rockerfeller, Jr., President of The Foundation Announces That Largest Liner in New York is Loaded and Ready.

New York, Nov. 1.—The Rockefeller Foundation has determined to employ its immense resources for relief of noncombatants in the countries afflicted by the war. It stands ready to give "millions of dollars if necessary." This was announced tonight by John D. Rockefeller, Jr., President of the Foundation.

The Foundation will send a commission to Europe in a few days to report as to how, when and where aid can be rendered most effectively. At a cost of $275,000 it already has chartered a ship and loaded it with 4,000 tons of provisions for Belgian relief.

The ship is the Massapequa, the largest neutral vessel now in New York harbor. It will sail Tuesday morning direct for Rotterdam with a certification from the British consul here that its cargo is destined for use of Belgian non-combtants only. The supplies will be distributed by the Belgian Relief Commission.

Mr. Rockefeller has been in communication with Amahassador Page at London and made public a cablegram in which the ambassador describes the dire need of the Belgians and says "It will require a million dollars a month for seven or eight months to prevent starvation."

"In fact," the Amahassador added, "many will starve now before food can reach them."

"Absolutely Neutral."

Mr. Rockefeller made it clear in his announcement that steps taken by the Foundation will be "absolutely neutral." The commission of investigation will be headed by Wickliffe Rose, a director general of the International Health Commission.

"This action will but supplement the public spirited efforts of the Belgian relief committee," said Mr. Rockfeller in announcing the Foundation's plan.

"Immediately upon receiving Ambassador Page's message the Rockefeller Foundation enlisted the co-operation of the shipping department of the Standard Oil Company, of New York, in securing the vessel and at the same time gladly availed itself of the voluntary services of Mr. Lionel Hagenaers, a Belgian, now resident in New York and member of the Belgian relief committee, in purchasing the cargo.

The cargo will consist of:

28,500 barrels of flour.

14,000 packets (100 pounds each) of rice.

3,000 bags (200 pounds each) of beans.

1,000 boxes (100 pounds each of bacon.

"The British consul has kindly agreed to certify that these supplies are absolutely for the aid of noncombatants and should not be delayed in transit."

London, Nov. 1.—A Reuter dispatch says a ukase issued in Petrograd orders for a flotation of an internal loan of $250,000,000 at five per cent, redeemable in fifty years.

London, Nov. 1.—Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent sends a report received from Berlin that during the last few days British French and Russian subjects have hastily left Constatinople.

AMERICA ACTS FOR ALLIES IN TURKEY

England and France Ask U. S. to Do Their Work.

RUSSIAN CONSULS HELD

Turkish Government Refuses to Let Them Leave Until Russia Gives Turkish Consuls Safe Passage to Border

Washington, November 1.—Great Britain and France have placed their interests in Turkey in the hands of the American embassy. The Turkish consul at Havre has turned over his consulate to the United States and is preparing along with other consuls to leave France.

Turkey will not permit Russian consuls to leave the Ottaman Empire, until assured of safe conduct for Turkish consuls in Russia, according to a cablegram from Ambassador Morganthau today.

The Turkish minister of the interior informed Mr. Morganthau that Turkish warships within the last three days had bombarded Sebastopol.

Servia has asked the United States through Mr. Morganthau to look after her diplomatic interests at Constantinople "in case of war with Turkey".

No mention was made in Mr. Morganthau's dispatches of any declaration of war. Communication with Constantinople was interrupted late last night. The last message, dated 11 P. M., October 31st mentioned incidentally that the capital was quiet.

The only positive statement that war had been officially declared between Russia and Turkey came in a private message from a business house in Constantinople to its home office in New York, transmitted through diplomatic channels.

The presumption of officials was that Ambassador Morganthau had filed a similar message to the Department, and that it had been delayed.

State of War Recognized

It was taken for granted by officials generally that even though no declarations may have been made, a state of war between Turkey and the triple entente shortly will be recognized.

Servia's request that the American Government look after her interests in Turkey was regarded as forecasting the intention of the Balkan monarchy to throw her forces into the field against the Ottoman empire.

The decision of the Porte to detain all Russian consuls in Turkey was viewed as a consequence of the arrest of Turkish consuls in Russia when the raid of the Ports on the Black sea was made by the Turkish navy. Their release and safe conduct will be one of the first problems with which Italy will be confronted as guardian of Russian interests in Turkey.

Cable dispatches from the American embassy at Rome confirmed reports that the Italian cabinet had resigned, but gave no intimation of what course the Government would follow toward recent developments in the Levant.

The State Department had no dispatches from the Far East officials knew nothing of the German claim that Japan had offered to assist China in suppressing a revolution in the Province of Shan Tung. It was pointed out here that in view of the understanding which the United States reached with Japan, early in the war, the Washington government expected to be consulted concerning any such extension of operations on the part of the Tokio government in the Chinese republic. Officials believed they would have been informed of such a step if it had been taken.

DEMOCRATS CERTAIN OF VICTORY TUESDAY

Chief Interest Centers in Struggle for Control of Congress, Heightened by the Fact That Those Elected Will be Chosen by Direct Popular Vote—Majority in the Senate is Not in Danger of Loss.

"SOLID SOUTH" PROMISES TO REMAIN IN DEMOCRATIC RANKS UNDER THE SAME TITLE

Fight for Governor in Tennessee is Warm, Otherwise Election in South is More of a Ratification of Selections Made Earlier by the Party in the Primaries — The Amendments in North Carolina.

New York, Nov. 1.—Chief interest in the elections Tuesday centers on the struggle for control of the next Congress, heightened by the fact that all successful candidates for the Senate as well as the House will be chosen by direct popular vote. The fact that 31 States will elect Senators makes the contests Tuesday the real inauguration of this new departure in government. A careful analysis of the situations in the different States would seem to indicate that the present small Democratic majority of five in the Senate is a safe one, as there are only seven States outside of the "Solid South" where present Democratic seats are being defended. In the House 218 members are necessary for a majority. The present Democratic standing is 285; Republican, 122; Progressive Republicans, 2; Progressives, 19; Independent, 1, and vacancies 6, which seats were last occupied by Democrats. To change the political complexion of the House opposition parties must maintain their present strength and win 68 additional seats.

Governors are to be elected in 29 States and some of the campaigns, notably those in New York, California and Pennsylvania, have been waged with much bitterness.

All Parties Fighting.

Efforts of the Democrats to retain control of the lower House of Congress and of their opponents to wrest it from them, have called forth the full strength of all parties. President Wilson has made no speaking tours, but has written many letters of endorsement. Most of the members of the cabinet have spent much of the last fortnight in campaigning. The leading men of the Republican and Progressive parties with the noteworthy exception of ex-President Taft, have been similarly engaged.

The Democratic party has 53 seats in the Senate as against 42 for the Republicans and 1 for the Progressives.

Senatorial elections will be held in Alabama, Arizona, Arkansas, CaliforniaColorado, Connecticut, Florida, Georgia, Idaho, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Kansas, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Carolina, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, South Carolina, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington and Wisconsin.

Eliminating the "Solid South," there are only seven States in which inroads can possibly be made in the Democratic majority, so that unless that party should lose in all but one of these States, it will retain control of the Senate. The States are Colorado, Indiana, Oklahoma, Maryland, Missouri, Nevada and Oregon.

States to Name Governors.

Governors will be elected in Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Georgia, Idaho, Iowa, Kansas, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Nebraska, Nevada, New Hampshire, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, Vermont, Wyoming and Wisconsin. Democratic Governors were elected in Arkansas and Maine in September. The campaign has been the quietest of years.

The quietude of the campaign is attributed largely to the European war, which has usurped in popular discussion and the newspapers gave it the place usually given to politics.

Notwithstanding the increased efforts entailed by the direct election of Senators, according to figures, expenditures probably have been less than those of a similar campaign in many years.

In most cases, the senators whose terms expire next March have been renominated. There is, however, a conspicuous exception. Elihu Root, of New York, one of the commanding figures in the upper House, declined to run, notwithstanding the appeals of his party. Theodore E. Burton, of Ohio; Joseph L. Bristow, of Kansas; Coe I. Crawford, of South Dakota; Stevenson, of Wisconsin; George C. Perkins, of California, and F. S. White, of Alabama, for whose seat Majority Leader Underwood, of the House, is the Democratic candidate, are the others who have not been renominated.

Election of Senators

Senators seeking re-election are Smith, of Arizona, Clarke, of Arkansas, Thomas, of Colorado, Brandegee, of Connecticut, Fletcher of Florida, Smith, of Georgia, Brady of Idaho, Sherman, of Illinois, Shively, of Indiana, Cummins, of Iowa, Camden, of Kentucky, for the remainder of the present term Smith, of Maryland, Stone of Missouri; Newlands of Nevada, Gallinger of New Hampshire, Overman of North Carolina, Gronna of North Dakota, Gore, of Oklahoma, Chamberlain of Oregon, Penrose of Pennsyvvania, Smith of South Carolina Smoot of Utah, Dillingham of Vermont and Jones of Washington.

State campaigns in several instances have been waged; keenly as to subordinate interest in the contests for Congress. In New York Governor Glynn's fight for re-election is being opposed by District Attorney Charles S. Whitman, of New York City, the Republican candidate, former State Senator Frederick M. Davenport, who heads the Progressive ticket, and former Governor William Sulzer, nominee of the prohibition and American parties. Former President Roosevelt has concentrated his energies on New York and Pennsylvania, making few distant campaign trips.

California and Pennsylvania

In California Hiram Johnson, the Progressive Governor, is opposed by John B. Curtin Democrat and John D. Fredericks, Republican. In Pennsylvania the Democrats and Republicans have united on Vance O. McCormick to oppose Martin G. Brumbaugh, the Republican candidate. In few other cases have there been State campaigns which have attracted National attention.

Several men for years prominent in the affairs of the nation who were retired to private life without their consent, are seeking to return. Most of them are Republicans ousted by the Democratic sweep two years ago. The picturesque figure of "Uncle Joe" Cannon of Illinois, has again emerged into public view by reason of his candidacy for another term in Congress. In the same State ex-Congressman William B. McKinley President Taft's campaign manager in 1912, is asking to be returned. In Ohio, Nicholas Longworth, Colonel Roosevelt's son-in-law, likewise retired in 1912, is again a candidate for Congress. Former Senator Albert J. Beveridge, of Indiana, who left the Republican party for the Progressive is seeking to re-gain a place in the Upper body.

In Kansas, a woman is running for a place on the bench. Mrs. Lizzie Sheldon is non-partisan candidate for Supreme Court Justice.

No Danger In South.

Atlanta, Nov. 1.—Tuesday's election in the "Solid South" will be in large measure but a ratification of the selection made at the Democratic primaries during the past summer and early autumn. Few, if any upsets, are anticipated.

The Progressive party has shown activity in a number of the Southern States while Colonel Theodore Roosevelt enivened the campaign in Lousiana with several speeches in support of a Progressive nominee for Congress. Except in a few states where local issues were involved the campaign has furnished little of interest. The Democratic managers are predicting the usual majorities for their tickets.

In Tennessee a bitter fight has been waged between the Republicans supporting Governor Ben W. Hooper for re-election and the Democrats supporting Thomas C. Rye for the chief executive office.

A split in the Democratic party four years ago led to the election of Governor Hooper. He was re-elected in 1912 by a reduced plurality. This year the Democrats claim they are presenting a united front and are predicting a clean cut victory. The Republicans, on the other hand believe they will retain control. Keen political observers are anticipating a very close race.

Wilson Interested in Tennessee

The national administration has taken an interest in the Tennessee campaign, a number of speeches in support of General Rye having been made by two members of President Wilson's cabinet—Secretary of State Bryan and Josephus Daniels Secretary of the Navy. The Tennessee delegation in Congress has taken an active part in the pre-election fight. The Tennessee legislature is expected to remain Democratic.

In addition to Tennessee Governors are to be elected in Alabama, Georgia, Oklahoma, South Carolina and Texas. There are four state tickets in the field in Oklahoma while no less than five parties have made scattering nominations in Texas—Democratic, Republican, Progressive, Socialist and Socialist-labor. Only the Democrats have made nominations for all offices.

In Alabama the customary Democratic victory seems to be conceded, both as to the election of the State ticket, headed by Charles Henderson for Governor and the selection of Representative Oscar W. Underwood as United States Senator to fill out the unexpired term of the late Senator

(Continued on Page Two)

KROONLAND IS STILL HELD AT GIBRALTAR

No Answer Received to Protest of State Department.

Vessel is Reported to be Unloading Her Cargo of Copper and Lubricating Oil—Prize Court Proceedings.

Washington, Nov. 1.—Acting Secretary Lansing announced today the receipt of a message from American Consul Sprague at Gibraltar stating that prize court proceedings had been begun in the case of the American steamship Kroonland, detined by British authorities.

No reply had yet been received from London to the formal protest made through Ambassador Page and the requisition for the release of the vessel. In the recent case of the eamer Brindilla, owever, prize court proceeding actually had begun when the British government ordered the release of the vessel.

Consul Sprangue reported that the Krooland was discharging her cargo of 1,400 tons of copper and 300 barrles of lubricating oil. The reason for this was not given. State Department officials will await a formal reply from London before making further representations. Inasmuch as copper and oil were placed on the contraband list after the Krooland sailed, the American government probably will contend that the vessel has a right to deliver her cargo. It is thought in some quarters however, that the Kroonland may have discharged the cooper and oil as a result of the offer of the British government to buy it.

While the consul's dispatch made no mention of the Krooland's 1,200 passengers, it is believed, if the vessel discharges her cargo for consideration by the prize court she may be allawed in the meantime to proceed to Italy and Greece with her neutral passengers. German and Austrian reservists, reported on board would be taken off as prisoners of war.

AMBASSADORS OF THE ALLIES NATIONS HAVE LEFT TURKEY

(Continued From Page One.)

EXPLAINS HIS RESIGNATION

Recent Cabient of Italy in Long Conference Yesterday Afternoon.

Rome, Nov. 1.—All cabinet ministers who resigned their portifolios yesterday held a two hour conference with King Victor Emmanuel today.

Signor Rubini, minister of the treasury explained his reasons for resigning. He said the budget showed a deficit of $4,000,000 before the European war began. That deficit might easily have been overcome by an increase in revenues and limiting expenses and a slight raise in taxation. The war, however, changed the whole situation and the military budget along would require $160,000,000.

Owing to the European crisis, Signor Rubini Continued, the revenues instead of increasing had diminished by about $20,000,000. He added that he recognified the necessity for urgent military expenditures but wished to counter-balance with new taxations.

A majority of the ministers preferred to postpone the taxation until after the war but signor Rubini said he feared such action might be considered unconstitutional.

ANNOUNCEMENT IN INDIA

Mohammedans Join With England in Plans to Resist Turkish Invasion

Simla, British India, via London, Nov. 1.—Announcement of the unfriendly attitude of Turkey toward the allies was made troughout India today in an official communication wherein the vicery deplores 'the endeavor of a Chauvinistic element to drive Turkey into a war with Great Britain for the benefit of German and Austria."

Responsible Mohammedan leaders are holding meetings in support of Great Britain while the Mosques are organizing prayers for the success of the British arms.

NOTHING NEW ALONG FRONT

French Official Statement Declares Conditions Still the Same

Paris, Nov. 1.—An official statement issued this afternoon says:

"There is nothing new to report on the Nieuport and Dixmude front.

"Continued fierce German attacks to the north, east and south of Ypres all have been repulsed and we have made slight progress to the North of Ypres and progressed perceptibly to the eastward of this locality.

"At daybreak hostile forces from the Lys seized Hollebreke and Messines, but these two villages were retaken towards evening by a vigorous counter attack.

"Upon the rest of the battle front violent cannonading and several unsuccessful counter attacks of the enemy occured today.

"The struggle still is very violent in the Argenne region where the Germans, however, have made no progress.

"According to statistics furnished by our service in the rear, 7,853 German prisoners were interned during the week of October 14th-20th. These figures do not include convalescent wounded other detachments ready to be sent to the rear."

GERMAN SOLDIERS BURIED

British Bury More Than 25,000—Others on Battle Grounds in Piles.

Lonlon, Nov. 1.—"As showing the high German losses in the Ypres region it is stated the British soldiers have burried more than 25,000 Germans" says a message to the Weekly Dispatch.

"There are many great piles of German dead around Dixmude. Dixmude is a heap of ruins. The only inhabitant remaining is an aged peasant woman who refused to quit her ruined home.

"German aeroplanes on Thursday landed five bombs in Ypes, wounded three people."

Berlin, via Amsterdam and London, November 1.—A dispatch to the Tageblatt from Constantinope says that the Turkish fleet when it bombarded Novorossysk on the Black sea sunk fourteen Russian transports and destroyed several warehouses, oil reservoirs and a wireless station. At Odessa Turkish shells set afire five oil tanks and damaged five transports.

DEMOCRATS CERTAIN OF VICTORY TUESDAY

(Continued from Page One.)

Johnson. The Democrats are confidently claiming all the Congressional seats, there being only slight opposition in any of the districts with the exception of the Seventh, where Thomas H. Stephens Republican, is making a hard fight to obtain the seat held by Representative John L. Burnett.

Prohibitionists are claiming that a majority of the Democratic nominees for both Houses of the legislature, who seem certain of election, have pledged themselves in favor of State-wide prohibition.

Little Interest in Georgia.

The campaign in Georgia has been utterly void of interests. Charles W. McClure, a personal friend of Colonel Roosevelt, entered the United States Senatorial race at the eleventh hour against Senator Hoke Smith and has been making a plea for Progressive victory. Senator Smith's re-election appears to be certain, however, as is also that of Representative Thomas W. Hardwick, nominated for the vacancy in the upper House of Congress caused by the death of Senator Bacon.

In Louisiana a stirring fight is going on in the third congressional district between the Democrats and Progressives. The Democrats say the result will be close and the Progressive are making claims of victory. Leading state Democrats including the Governor have gone into the District and the Progressive campaign there was featured by Colonel Roosevelt's visit. The third district is in the center of the sugar belt and the Progressives claim Democrats are going to vote with them because the administration took the duty off sugar. Sunday has been the principal working day of the speakers 37 meetings being held on one Sunday recently.

Democrats Claim Aklahoma.

Desipite the strong campaign waiged by the Republican party for the State ticket in Oklahoma, conservative Democrats claim an almost clean sweep for their ticket. The one exception made is in the eighth district, where it is conceded Dick T. Morgan, Republican will be re-elected to Congress. Senator Thomas P. Gore is expected to be returned to the upper House of Congress by a big majority. The Progressive party in Oklahoma is making a strong bid for support this year with candidates in the field for nearly all state and congressional offices. The Socialists also are working actively for a full ticket. In the State offices the principal fight is being waged between John Fields, Republican candidate for Governor and Robert L. Williams, his Democratic opponent.

CAN STORE NOT MORE THAN FIVE BALES OF COTTON

Special Insurance Rating Must be Secured For Greater Number.

In a circular letter sent to fire insurance agents Mr. Joe. Raine, secretary of the South-Eastern Underwriters Association, calls attention to the fact that not more han five bales of cotton can be stored in any building, without securing a special cotton rating, where the structure is insuerd. Following is a copy of the letter which was obtained from the firm of Messrs. J. H. Boatwright & Son, of Wilmington:

"Our attention has been called to the storage of cotton in vorious buildings. It has been deemed advisable to advise the agents that a permit must be issued to assured where they desire to store cotton in a building not specifically rated for the starge of cotton.

"Under the 'Buy a Bale' movement recently instigated in the Southern States, the Executive Committee of this Association authorized the placing in mercantile and other risks of not exceeding five bales of cotton, only while said cotton is kept in a public part of the buildings for display purposes only. We understand that a number of assured are not complying with this stipulation, and it has been deemed best to request the agents to notify the public that the storage of cotton without a special permit on policies would in all probabilities vitiate their insurance, and cannot be done without endorsing their permit on policies and making a proper charge for same."

INSPIRING ADDRESS BY REV. MR. ADAMS AT Y. M. C. A.

Men's Mass Meeting Yesterday Afternoon Was Largely Attended

There was the largest attendance at the men's mass meeting at the Y. M. C. A. yesterday afternoon of any that have been held this season. Rev. G. T. Adams, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church, made a most inspiring and helpful address on "The Place of Prayer in the Life of the Young Man," and was heard with profound interest.

The speaker did not take a text, stating that he had not come to preach a sermon or to make an address but simply to talk with those present.

Preceding the address several enjoyable violin solos were given by Mr. Henri Georges with Mr. W. G. Robertson, organist at St. James' church, as accompanist on the piano.

Mr. Adams characterized prayer as almost one of the forgotten secrets of the present age. Prayer was defined as communion of the soul with God. Its necessity arises, he said, from the dictates of the human heart and from the example of Christ. The spirit of prayer is needed not only to make better men but also to help others to become better. He gave several examples of answers to prayer from his own observation.

SPECIAL SERVICES AT ST. MATTHEW'S CHURCH

Sermon on Reformation by Pastor and Programme by Children.

Luther Day was appropriately observed at St. Matthew's Lutheran church yesterday morning with a special sermon by the pastor, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, on the life and work of the great founder of this church. At the service last night the children of the Sunday School gave a special programme consisting of songs, recitations and responsive readings which had for its purpose the better understanding of the work of the church in the home mission field. Mr. W. W. Koch, superintendent of the Sunday School, had charge of the night service.

Mr. McClanahan at the morning hour stressed the important achivements of the Reformation which he defined as being the translation of the Bible, the doctrine of justification of faith instead of by works and the teaching that all men have access to a throne of grace, as being especially applicable to this day and generation. To maineven keep in mind these fundamentl features of the Reformation. He sketched briefly the life of Luther, giving especial attention to the prominent events.

FOOTBALL IN SOUTH BROUGHT NO UPSETS

Results Were Almost As Had Been "Doped"

Virginia-Vanderbilt Game Center of Interest—N. C. A. & M. Furnished Nearest Thing to a Sensational Result Saturday.

Atlanta, Nov. 1.—Football in the South yesterday, while furnishing a number of brilliant and highly interesting contests, failed to produce anything in the nature of an upset in the form previously displayed by the virious contending elevens.

Inteerst in games between teams of the Southern inter-collegiate athletic association was more or less overshadowed by that attending the inter-sectional battle between Vanderbilt and Virginia, from which the Virginians emerged victorious—20 to 7.

While gridiron experts had predicted a Virginia victory, it was expected that Coach McGugin would uncover an entirely different style of attack from that which the Commodores employed. The game, singularly free from misplays and fumbling, was confined almost exclusively to "straight football, in which the fast, hard-driving backfield of Virginia had all the best of the argument.

Georgia Technology's defeat of Sewanee—20 to 0—came in the nature of a hurprise; however, it had been predicted that the Georgia Technical eleven would win, but the fact that Sewanee possessed a fast, aggressive eleven was believed to make a close score more than probable.

Mississippi A. & M. won from Georgia yesterday—9 to 0—the game being decided in the final period.

Alabama, which two weeks ago defeated Georgia Tech., yesterday overwhelmed Tulane—58 to 0.

Tennessee added another victory to its collection yesterday by trouncing Chattanooga—67 to 0.

As Tennessee won from Alabama a week ago by a comfortaoble margin, its position as a contender for championship honors in the S. I. A. A. is regarded as particularly strong. Another interesting game yesterday was that between Virginia Polytechnic Institute and Washington and Lee, in which V. P. I. was defeated—7 to 6.

North Carolina's defeat of Davidson—14 to 3—was not unexpected. An inter-esction game that amounted almost to an upset, was that between the Navy and North Carolina A. & M., which the Midshipmen were able to win by the close margin of 16 to 14.

Ideal football weather prevailed yesterday throughout the South, and the games were without exception fast and cueanly played.

CAMPAIGN IN DUPLIN.

Speaking at Rose Hill—Dr. Carr's Challenge Not Accepted.

Rose Hill, N. C., Nov. 1.—With the approach of the election Tuesday, old Duplin will be found safe in the Democratic column as of yore, in spite of the non-partisan ticket and the gum-shoe methods of the campaigners on this ticket. In the beginning of the campaign, after all their appointments were made, the non-partisan executive committee sought a joint discussion with Dr. R. L. Carr, Democratic nominee for the House and Rivers D. Johnson, Esq., Democratic nominee for State Senate, but, of course, this had to be declined. Saturday at Rose Hill, C. C. Vann, Esq., non-partisan candidate for the House made a short speech to a small crowd of Bull Moosers. He is reported to have been making a gum-shoe canvass of the county, making personal charges, and Saturday Dr. Carr invited him to a joint discussion at Rose Hill, but evidently he does not care for a discussion of these charges in public from the stump, as the challenge was not accepted.

TRIED TO BREAK JAIL

Negroes Had Key But Jailer Branch Frustrated Their Attempt.

Moses Sharpless and John Stevens, both colored, attempted to escape from their cell in the New Hanover jail yesterday afternoon by using a key which they had in some way secured but they did not proceed for before their efforts were discovered by Jailer John Branch. Stevens was arrested yesterday by Deputy Sheriff Kelly and lodged in the jail on a charge of having stolen bicycle from another negro.

Sharpless is the negro who "turned up" a few weeks ago some five or six negroes on charges of stealing merchandise from freight cars on the Seaboard yards. All of them including Sharpless were sent to Superior Court for trial by the Recorder and have since been in the jail. For fear that the other negroes might attempt to harm Sharpless for having testified against them he has been confined in a separate cell on the third floor of the jail. When Stevens was arrested yesterday he was placed in the cell occupied by Sharpless.

FUNERAL OF PENDER CITIZEN

Services at Home Near Currie Yesterday Largely Attended.

The funeral of Mr. W. L. Nunnalles, a well known Pender county citizen, who died at his home near Currie Friday night, was conducted from the residence yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. A. B. Carter. The services were attended by a large number of friends, many of these being from Wilmington and vicinity. There was a profusion of floral tributes. Interment was in the family burying ground near the home of the deceased.

Mr. Nunnallee was a member of Moore's Creek Baptist church and of the Atkinson Lodge of Masons. He was a public spirited citizen and will be sadly missed in his community.

The pallbearers were: Honorary, Dr. J. T. Hogard and Messrs. N. R. Croom, J. W. Flynn, W. R. Walker, J. E. Curl, L. Glisson, J. E. Henry and H. Page; active, Messrs. Dallas Flynn, Lee Woodcock, Thomas Henry, Robert Henry, A. D. Ward and A. H. Page.

By stumbling over a wire used to enclose the grass on the sidewalk on Third street between Chesnut and Princess, Mr. W. H. Alderman was severely shocked and resevied several painful bruises last night about 8 o'clock. Dr. Ransey Weathershee, the dentist, was walking near on his way to church when he saw him fall. He rushed to his assistance and with the aid of Mr. T. W. Pierce placed him in a carriage and carried him to his home at No. 115 1-2 Market street. Dr. B. J. Willingham was summoned and gave the necessary medical assistance.

FOR SALE CHEAP

LOCATED FRONT AND WRIGHT STREETS, WILMINGTON, N. C.

HORIZONTAL TUBULAR BOILERS: Three, 66 in. diameter, 16 ft. long, good for 125 lbs. working pressure.
STACK: 66 in. diameter, 90 ft. high; steel plate.
DISTILLATION CYLINDERS: Three, 50 ft. long, 7½ ft. diameter, sliding doors on each end.
One 25 ft. long, 7½ ft. diameter, sliding door on one end; good condition.
IRON STILLS: Eigh stills of various sizes.
STEEL TANKS: Various sizes.
PUMPS: Rotary, Centrifugal and Feed Water Pumps; various sizes.
MOTOR: One 30-H. P. General Electric.
HAND CARS: 73 steel Hand Cars, 4 feet 10 in. square x 5 feet high.

MACHINE SHOP EQUIPMENT.

One Fitchburg Machine Co.'s Power Press, No. 1.
One Merrill, No. 6¼, Pipe Threading Machine up to 6 inches.
One Hill & Clark Lathe, 6 to 10 in. opening.
One Key Seating Machine and other equipment, including large assortment of steam piping, steam traps, valves, pulleys, shafting.
One complete Saw Mill equipment of Clark, Garland and Allis-Chalmers Machines, including Saw-Dust and Slab Conveyor Chains.

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Purcell House

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European Plan Only

FOR LEASE

Possession Given October 1st
apply to

Wm. E. Springer & Co.

Purcell Building Wilmington, N. C

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA:
COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER:

By virtue of the power of sale contained in a certain mortgage, made and executed by George H. Bellamy and wife Kate T. Bellamy, to the Atlantic Trust & Banking Co., which mortgage is duly recorded in book 71, page 438, Register of Deeds office, New Hanover County, default having been made in the payment of the obligation thereby secured, the undersigned will sell on the 21st day of November, 1914, at Court House door at Public Auction, at noon, for cash, to the highest bidder, a one-eighth undivided interest in and to the following lots, parcel or tract of land, situate in the County of New Hanover, State of North Carolina, described as follows, to-wit:

FIRST: A lot in the City of Wilmington, BEGINNING at the Northeastern intersection of Market and Fifth streets; runs thence Eastwardly with the Northern line of Market Street, one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet; thence Northwardly parallel with Fifth Street one hundred and forty-eight (148) feet; thence Westwardly parallel with Market Street one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet to the Eastern line of Fifth Street; thence Southwardly with said line of Fifth Street one hundred and forty-eight (148) feet to the beginning, being part of Lots 4 and 5, Block 169, according to the official plan of the City of Wilmington.

SECOND: That certain lot in the City of Wilmington, with a four story brick building thereon, BEGINNING at a point in the Northern line of Market Street ninety-seven (97) feet and six (6) inches East of the Eastern line of Front street; runs thence Eastwardly with the Northern line of Market Street; twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches; thence Northwardly parallel with Front Street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet to Toomer's Alley; thence Westwardly with the Southern line of Toomer's Alley twenty-two (22) feet and six (6) inches; thence Southwardly parallel with Front Street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet to the beginning, being parts of Lots 4 and 5, Block 165, according to the official plan of said City of Wilmington.

THIRD: A lot in the City of Wilmington, BEGINNING at the Northwest intersection of Second and Dock Streets; running thence Northwardly with the Western line of Second street sixty-six (66) feet; thence Westwardly parallel with Dock Street one hundred and seventeen (117) feet and eleven (11) inches; thence Southwardly parallel with Second street sixty-six (66) feet to the Northern line of Dock street; thence Eastwardly with the Northern line of Dock Street one hundred and seventeen (117) feet and eleven (11) inches to the beginning, being part of Lot 5, Block 152, according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

FOURTH: A lot in the City of Wilmington, BEGINNING in the Western line of Third Street sixty-six (66) feet North of the Northern line of Wooster Street; runs thence Westwardly parallel with Wooster Street three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the Eastern line of Second Street; thence Northwardly with said line to Second Street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet; thence Eastwardly parallel with Wooster Street three hundred and thirty (330) feet to the Western line of Third Street; thence Southwardly with said line of Third Street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet to the beginning, being all of lots 4 and 5, Block 60 according to the official plan of the said City of Wilmington.

FIFTH: A lot in the City of Wilmington, BEGINNING in the Western line of Second Street one hundred and thirty-two (132) feet south of the Southern line of Queen Street; runs thence Southwardly with said line of Second Street thirty-six (36) feet; thence Westwardly parallel with Queen Street eighty (80) feet; thence Northwardly parallel with Second Street thirty-six (36) feet; thence Eastwardly parallel with Queen Street (80) feet to the beginning, being part of lot 3, Block 59 according to the official plan of said City of Wilmington.

Also all the undivided interest of the said George H. Bellamy of, in and to the Stock or ownership of the late E. M. Bellamy of, in and to the Clarendon Coal Field Company's stock and land situate in the County of Chatham, State of North Carolina, the said stock never having been divided.

Dated and posted this 22nd day of October, 1914.

ATLANTIC TRUST & BANKING CO.
Mortgagee.

Read Star Business Locals.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South."
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.
—from—
WILMINGTON

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 17 to 24, inclusive, limited returning October 26.

NEW ORLEANS, LA. $35.60
On sale October 24, 25 and 26, limited returning November 15.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C. $3.25
On sale October 25 to 30, inclusive. Limited, returning, October 31st.

CHICAGO, ILL. $41.70
On sale October 24, 25 and 26; limited, returning, November 4th.

RALEIGH, N. C. $4.75
On sale October 26 to 29, inclusive. Limited, returning, November 1.

NEWBERN, N. C. $2.90
On sale October 26 to 30, inclusive. Limited, returning, October 31.

RICHMOND, VA. $10.70
On sale November 6, 7, 8; limited, returning, November 22nd.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning November 23.

SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10, limited returning November 20.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. AUKER, Ticket Agent of the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.
Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates in Effect from Wilmington.

RICHMOND, VA. $10.70
On sale November 6, 7, 8; limited, returning, November 22nd.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. $5.90
On sale November 23, 24, 25, 26; limited returning November 29th.

ATLANTA, GA. $13.85
On sale November 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 and 12; limited returning, November 23.

CHARLOTTE, N. C. $6.40
On sale Oct. 25 to 30th; limited, returning, November 1st.

SAVANNAH, GA. $10.80
On sale November 7, 8, 9 and 10; limited returning November 20.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.
H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Acute Articular Rheumatism

Relieved By Anti-Kamnia Tablets

The exact cause of rheumatism is unknown, though it is generally believed to be due to an excess of uric acid in the blood. It may be also said with equal truth that no remedy has been found which is a specific in all cases. In fact the literature of rheumatism shows that there are but few drugs which have not been given a trial. In the hands of one observer we find that a certain drug has been used with the utmost satisfaction; others have found the same remedy to be a great disappointment. All physicians however agree that every method of treatment is aided by the administration of some remedy to relieve the pain and quiet the nervous system and Dr. W. S. Schultze expresses the opinion of thousands of practitioners when he says that Anti-kamnia Tablets should be given preference over all other remedies for the relief of the pain in all forms of rheumatism. These tablets can be purchased in any quantity. They are also unsurpassed in headaches, neuralgias and all pain. Ask for A-K Tablets.

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112 North Water St. Wilmington, N. C.

POULTRY, EGGS, PEANUTS, POTATOES, FRUITS and PRODUCE OF ALL KINDS.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 13, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND			WESTBOUND		
Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach	Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave for for Wilmington
.....	.....	.....	a6:26 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	.....
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a7:26 A. M.	a7:25 A. M.	.....
.....	.....	.....	b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
6:55 A. M.	6:55 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.	a8:01 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	.....	a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	.....
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	9:26 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
.....	.....	.....	b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	.....
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	c1:45 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	.....	c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	.....
cd2:35 P. M.	.....	.....	cd3:06P.M.	.....	.....
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	c3:50 P. M.	.....	.....
3:30 P. M.	.....	.....	4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:10 P. M.	.....	.....	c4:30 P. M.	.....	.....
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	c5:10 P. M.	.....	.....
c4:50 P. M.	.....	.....	5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	.....	6:11 P. M.	6:00 P. M.	.....
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	.....	6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	.....
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	7:41 P. M.	7:30 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	.....	8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	.....
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	.....	8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	.....
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	.....	10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	.....
11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	11:15 P. M.	12:21 A. M.	12:10 A. M.	12:00 M.

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.
(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Sept. 20, 1914. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. ‡ 3:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad. No. 91 leaves Norfolk 3:40 P. M. and Richmond 4:10 P. M.	No. 91. a 1:35 A.M.
No. 81. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 80. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. ‡ 5:50 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‡ 4:15 P.M.
No. 48. * 8:30 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. Pullman Parlor Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Becky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 8:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 8:00 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 57. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate stations.	No. 56. ‡ 8:15 A.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. ‡ 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. ‡10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:40 A.M.

* Daily ‡ Daily except Sunday. a Daily except Monday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.
W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager, T. C. WHITE General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

FAIRS

RALEIGH, N. C.—North Carolina State Fair . . . $4.75
Tickets on sale October 17th to 24th, limited to October 26th.

NEWBERN, N. C.—Eastern Carolina Fair $2.90
Tickets on sale October 26th to 30th, limited to October 31st.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—Cumberland Co. Fair . . $3.25
Tickets on sale October 25th to 30th, limited to October 31st.

RATES INCLUDE ONE ADMISSION INTO FAIR GROUNDS.

For Any Information 'Phone 160-J.
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
Standard Railroad of the South.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

"THE PROGRESSIVE RAILWAY OF THE SOUTH."
EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 9, 1914.
Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—3:00 P. M.—For Local Stations. Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and all points North and South.
Through Pullman sleeping car service between Wilmington and Atlanta.
No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.
For detailed information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.
E. E. HUNTER, Div. Frt. Agt., JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Agt., Wilmington, N. C. Raleigh, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Navahoe, Friday, Oct. 30th.
Steamship Cherokee, Friday, Nov. 6th.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Navahoe, Monday, Nov. 2nd.
Steamship Cherokee, Monday, Nov. 9th.
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Saturday, Oct. 31st
Steamship Navahoe, Saturday, Nov. 7th
Both Steamers Carry Passengers.
Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

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Star Business Locals Get Results

OUR MAGAZINE PAGE

Gossip From Washington

REPRESENTATIVE CHARLES G. EDWARDS of Georgia tells a couple of stories about prominent southerners in Washington which have afforded merriment around the house cloakrooms. Representative Asbury F. Lever of South Carolina is the butt of one of them.

Mr. Lever is the champion defender of the farmer. He was on the verge of voting for one battleship when a colleague came forward with the innocent observation that two battleships would be a great boon to the farmer.

Lever paid immediate attention, according to Mr. Edwards, who had been warned in advance and was sitting expectantly near by.

"How will two battleships help the farmer?" demanded Mr. Lever.

"Why, the farmers will have to supply guncotton for 'em," replied his colleague. "Don't you know the navy department already has a bunch of applications from farmers in your district to supply guncotton for the government's battleships if the department of agriculture will send them some guncotton seed?"

They left Mr. Lever wondering whether the reflection was intended for him or his constituents.

Photo by American Press Association.

A. F. LEVER.

Representative Sisson of Mississippi tells a tale of the days when to some members of the Democratic party it seemed they would never come into power again.

An educator of note visited one of the schools in Mr. Sisson's native state and endeavored to inspire the children with high ambitions. He talked of official life and how great it was to be president. At the conclusion of his address he turned to the boys and asked:

"Now, boys, how many of you would like to become a president?"

Every boy in the room except one jumped to his feet. The educator felt disappointed to think that after all his talking he had failed to convert every youngster.

"Why, my boy," said he, "what's the matter? Don't you want to become president some day?"

"Yes," answered the boy in a sad tone, "but 'tain't no use, 'cause I'm a Democrat!"

Representative Henry D. Flood of Virginia, chairman of the house committee on foreign affairs, approached Senator Isaac Stephenson of Wisconsin not long ago on the subject of beards.

Photo by American Press Association.

H. D. FLOOD.

"Why do you wear whiskers, anyway, Mr. Senator, in this hot weather?"

"Well, now, my boy," said the oldest and wealthiest man in congress, "when I was a lumberjack up there in Wisconsin—were you ever up there in that part of the country in the winter?"

The mustached and handsome congressman confessed to knowing nothing about northern Wisconsin at any time of the year except as he saw it on the map, to which he had not referred for some time.

"Well, it's cold," said the senator, with one of his kindly whimsical smiles, "and to protect my throat as well as for many other practical reasons I let my beard grow. And, now"—he hesitated—"well, now, I'm used to it, and I've never found any sufficient reason to take it off. So, there it is!"

Representative Chandler of New York is a Roosevelt man and an ardent one. Here's a letter he received from a friend to whom he sent a copy of his speech on the tariff:

"Dear Sir—I've just read your speech on the tariff. It's mighty well you labeled it 'Tariff Speech.' I counted 'em up, and you mentioned Roosevelt eighty-eight times and the tariff twice."

FOR THE CHILDREN

A Shrewd Young Diplomat.

Dora—Oh, Dolph, I'm going to tell ma!

Dolph (from interior of the closet)—Better not tell her till I give you half this cake.

Weather Signs.

We all know that a rainbow stands a symbol of hope, but do you know that to the weather wise the meaning of a rainbow changes according to the time that it is seen? A rainbow in the afternoon, especially late in the afternoon, means fair weather, but a rainbow in the morning means storm. Hence the old rime:

Rainbow at night, sailors' delight;
Rainbow in the morning, sailors take warning.

In the same way the light, wispy clouds, commonly called mares' tails, indicate the coming of wind, and a mackerel sky, too, indicates that wind is gathering slowly in the upper regions of the air.

Riddles.

Why should an architect go on the stage? Because he knows how to draw houses.

Which is the most peculiar animal found on the farm? The pig, because it is killed first and then cured.

What grows less tired the longer it stands? An auto wheel.

What is the resemblance between a church steeple and an orange? The peels.

What kind of a cat thrives in a library? A cat-alogue.

What sea would a seasick traveler like to be on? Adriatic (dry attic).

When was wit a father? When a pun became apparent.

Today's Short Story

In the Shadow

THERE was a heap of excitement when Norton was found murdered, and as soon as it was known that Cy Paxson had been with him at his cabin overnight and had dug out some time before morning a posse got after him, found him on the road to Hunkers, brought him back, tried him and convicted him before the excitement had had time to cool. They was goin' to string him up at once when his wife come and plead so hard for a leetle time with him before he left her that she, bein' a woman, got 'em to give three days.

Alf Baker and me was friends of Norton's and I was a friend of the Paxsons. Molly, she come to me, wringin' her hands, and begged me to do somethin'. I went to Alf Baker, who was a level headed sort of a feller, to git points how to go to work. He laid out a plan.

The fust thing he did was to go blusterin' around, sayin' he didn't believe they was goin' to punish Cy for killin' Norton nohow, and let on as if he 'spected they'd contrive to let him escape. In this way he got himself put on to watch the prisoner with another man. Durin' the evenin' Alf sent the feller off for some tobaccer, unlocked the door and tole Cy to come out. I was waitin' with hosses.

There's no doubt we'd a got Cy away if we hadn't struck a streak o' bad luck. Fust, my hoss got a stone into his shoe and we lost all of ten minutes gittin it out. Then, the night bein' dark as pitch, we got offen the road. By the time we'd got back on to it we'd lost half an hour more. Then we heard the sound o' gallopin' hoofs.

It seemed as if the game was up. I heard a moan from Cy and saw him starin' at somethin' loomin' again the sky. I looked and saw a gallows with a man swingin' to it.

"Look!" I said in a whisper to Alf.

Alf looked at it for a few moments without sayin' a word. Then an idee seemed to strike him, and tellin' Cy to hide in the bushes and me to come along he rides back to meet them that was comin'. When we was a hundred yards apart he called on 'em to halt. They pulled in and we chinned. They was the sheriff and the man that Alf had sent for tobaccer.

"We didn't believe you meant business," he said, "so we allowed we'd do the job ourselves."

"What job?"

"Why, hangin' that galoot Cy Paxson."

"What have you done with him?"

"He's swingin' jist back there."

"Well," said the sheriff after some thought, "we'll go and see. If you ain't lyin' we'll take the body home."

"You can see if you like, but as to takin' the body back we'll take care o' that ourselves. You see, we both think a heap o' Molly Paxson, and, although we hain't said nothin' to her—hain't made no promises—she's goin' to have a chance to give the man she loved a Christian burial."

Waal, the sheriff he talked awhile, but Alf stood pat, and he knowed Alf wasn't to be trifled with, so at last it was settled. We rode back till we could dimly see the thing swingin'.

"Waal," asked Alf, "air you satisfied?"

"Reckon," said the sheriff, "I don't want to rob a poor woman of a leetle comfort, and now that the law's been enforced I've nothin' more to do with the case."

The two of 'em rode away. Alf and I waited till they was outen hearin', then we larfed and larfed till we remembered poor Cy, when we rode on and called to him. We give him the best hoss and tole him to light out.

That same day the real murderer was arrested covered with blood and with Norton's watch and money on him.

The explanation? Why, 'twasn't no gallows. It was a post for shippin' mail on to express trains with a mail bag hangin' to it.

Rustic Sitting Room For Bungalow

INTERIOR IN DARK OAK.

RUSTIC elegance characterizes this bungalow interior. The sloping lines of the ceiling, the dark rafters and the hospitable open fireplace combine to make a most attractive living room. Walls, ceiling and floor are lined with dark oak in natural finish. The fireplace is built of unfinished stones.

ABOUT THE HOUSE.

Soot may be removed from the carpets by sprinkling lavishly with salt before sweeping.

Put cheesecloth over a screen frame and use for pantry window in the summer. This keeps out dust and makes the pantry cooler and lighter.

Old putty can be removed without injury to the sash or glass by passing a hot soldering iron over it, says an authority. The heat of the iron softens it and permits its removal with a knife or chisel.

Rockers that are used on the porch become so weather stained that they are apt to soil the clothing of those who use them. Cretonne covers prevent this and can be easily given an occasional washing.

To brighten gilt frames rub them with freshly baked bread moistened with ammonia, or try the older method of washing them in water in which onions have been boiled and to which a little sulphur has been added.

Collar Bow and Handkerchief.

The open air girl is not content to have a colored crepe de chine handkerchief tucked into the breast pocket of her knitted or fleecy golf coat, but she must have a bow at her throat to match it exactly in color. These sets are made in the prettiest shades of blue, mauve and canary.

HOUSEHOLD NOTES.

Bookcases or book shelves should never be forgotten in furnishing the living room. Any carpenter can make them very satisfactorily.

Window curtains were never so inexpensive and never so decorative as now. House mistresses are learning the value of simplicity in such details.

Never stand when you can sit to do a bit of housework. Even the ironing of small pieces can be done sitting if the kitchen stool be high enough.

Overalls and such heavy articles should be dipped in the tub of water, then laid on the washboard, thoroughly soaped and scrubbed with a scrubbing brush.

To Make Salt Beads.

Take one cupful of fine salt and heat. Mix one-half cupful of cornstarch and one-half cupful of water; the coloring and perfume if desired. Mix well and stir into the hot salt and heat until like putty. When cool enough to handle knead until smooth and cut out with a thimble and roll in the hand until perfectly round and smooth. Put on hat pins and let harden. Some let the dough stand in a damp cloth twenty-four hours before molding, but beads can be molded as soon as cold provided they are rolled long enough. Anything, even fruit juices, can be used to color.

WHAT THE FOREHEAD TELLS.

People who have marked talent of any sort often have one deep, perpendicular wrinkle in the middle of their foreheads, with one or two others on either side.

Long foreheads, with smooth skin and no wrinkles characterize people of a quiet, sedate nature.

Well arched brows, with one slight perpendicular wrinkle, belong to wise and discreet persons.

Foreheads prominent just above the eyebrows denote strong individuality.

A perfect forehead should have almost straight eyebrows, clear and well defined, but not heavy.

A long forehead shows intelligence; a short one activity.

A broad forehead denotes great mental ability; an irregular, knotty one a bold, original and investigating mind.

CONCERNING CUTLERY.

Suggestions For Prolonging Its Neatness and Usefulness.

To remove loose knife blades immerse the handles in boiling water until heated through and then pull handle and blade apart.

To attach knife handles fill the handles with equal parts of powdered resin and silver sand. Heat the end of the knife, press it firmly into the handle and cool in water.

To clean rusty knives use powdered bath brick made into a paste with paraffin and apply it with a flannel. Finish off with dry bath brick and a soft rag, which will leave a splendid polish.

When surplus silver knives are put away the blade of each one should be rubbed thoroughly and carefully with olive oil. Wrap extra knives, each one separately, in paper and store them in as dry a place as possible. Every three months knives not in use should be taken out and looked at to see if there be any signs of rust. Put fresh oil on them before putting them away again. When the knives are required for use wash the oil off and rub each knife with knife polish.

STYLE SUGGESTIONS.

Silk kimonos in pale colors are heavily embroidered with silk roses.

The flat cockade is a favorite form of decoration on the small high crowned hats.

With the cloth trotteur costume the perfect collar is of fine muslin or transparent cambric.

"Take care of the tunic and the silhouette will take care of itself" is a new form of an old saying.

Peacock feathers are now being gilded before they are poised on hats of gold or blue hemp.

The little plaited frills of muslin that fall down the backs of some blouses are very quaint and attractive.

Flounces of mousseline de soie are used on the latest negligees of crepe de chine. They are gathered or cut circular, rippling full at the lower edge.

Hats for little girls are quaint in shape and are adorned with clusters of small flowers, ribbon or lace. Frequently the underbrims are lined with chiffon or tulle.

COIFFURE MODES.

The Hair Is to Be Elevated on Top of the Head.

It is evident that much waving and curling of the hair are to be the order of tomorrow. The hair is to be piled very high on top of the head. The curled fringe on the forehead is also making its reappearance.

The new modes show a little more fullness at the sides of the head and more shapeliness altogether. The side whisker curl is fast going, and the ears are uncovered once more.

There are, as usual, two ways of doing the hair which take precedence over all others. One is that of extreme simplicity, drawing the hair straight back from the forehead all round, and doing it in a sort of Grecian knot at the back of the head, a fashion most becoming to regular and pretty features, and the other is the much waved style, with the light fringe either straight or curled.

Self Heating Irons.

A necessity for comfort is some form of self heating flat iron, such as a gas or electric iron. With such a helper the ironing can be done on the back porch or in a cool room, and there need be no weary steps back and forth, as there must be when one heats ordinary irons.

Even if one lives in a house which is supplied by neither gas nor electricity a self heating iron may be used. There are very satisfactory irons which can be heated by alcohol.

What the Jolly Fellows Say

He Knew What He Was Talking About.

Mr. Haddock—I see here in the paper, elder, 'bout a man bein' 'rested last night, charged wif stealin' 600 hens.

Elder Pinfeather—He mus' be a white man, den. De highest colored record in dis town am fohty-two.

Spoiled a Fresh Canvas.

Artist—The idea of that fellow offering me $5 for that landscape! Why, the canvas alone cost me $4.

Model—Ah, but that was before you covered it with paint.

Parting Shot.

Book Agent—Could I have your subscription for this book?

Stout Gentleman—Get out! You can't sell me any book!

Book Agent (making for the door)—I suppose the only thing you read is a bill of fare.

Couldn't Find It.

"Mary, why didn't you sound the dinner gong?"

"Please, 'm, I couldn't find it."

"Why, there it is on the hall table!"

"Please, 'm, you said this morning that was the breakfast gong."

A Sure Revenge.

Wife—Do you like this pudding, dear? Mrs. McBryde gave me the recipe for it.

Hub—No, but I guess you can get square with her by giving her your recipe for mince pie.

JET IS FASHIONABLE.

Ornaments of This Material Are Featured For Fall and Winter Wear.

Jet is to be very fashionable. Not only will it be used on gowns, but it will form the many little accessories of the costume, such as buttons, jewelry and hair ornaments. Hair ornaments of cut jet and combs of the Spanish type fashioned of this material will be donned by the smart woman with her black lace and jet evening gown.

Evening gowns and wraps are caught with jet flowers trimmed with jet bands, and whole skirts are fashioned of strings of jet mounted on net. There was a strong movement among the milliners last year to make jet fashionable, but without success.

The people would not accept it, but the refusal may easily have been founded on the reason that it is too heavy, therefore uncomfortable on the head. Carrying it on the body is different. For some reason hard to explain there is usually a revival of jet and lace together. This year we shall have both.

There is no doubt that spangles will be much used. One sees them wherever smart women are foregathered. They are used in white, in black and in colors. Possibly we will again wear jet spangled gowns, wide of hem, tight of bodice.

Buttons in cut jet, nickel and novelty crystal will be used.

Hair ornaments of cut jet, Spanish styles in back combs are likely to be popular.

COMPLEXION DON'TS.

Don't go out without a hat in the blazing sun.

Don't forget that cream and powder form a splendid protection for the skin against the heat of the sun's rays.

Don't wash your face immediately before going out on a very hot day or upon coming in tired from a long walk, but rub a little face cream into the skin instead.

Don't forget that there is nothing more devastating to the skin than dust during the summer months and that you should keep the pores clean by means of regular massage with some good skin food.

FANCY STOCKINGS.

Demanded by Women to Wear With Low Shoes and Short Skirts.

Fashion's insistence that women should wear short skirts has been a boon to manufacturers of fine hosiery, for with their short skirts women have been firm in demanding attractive stockings. Not only is silk hosiery worn by all classes, but those who can afford them prefer decorated stockings. There are hand painted, embroidered and lace trimmed stockings. In line with the revival of jet come stockings adorned with embroideries of cut jet beads. Illustrated here is a pair ornamented with a striking pattern carried out in the jet beads combined with white ones.

BEAD EMBROIDERED HOSIERY.

Novel Domestic Science School.

The Woman's Civic club of Holly Colo., will not stay the education of its daughters in domestic science because of lack of expensive school apparatus. The clubwomen turn their homes over to the high school girls and their domestic science teacher as practice schools. The girls are divided into groups and once or twice a week meet to cook, sweep, dust, scrub, wash, iron and sew under the supervision of the teacher, assisted by the mistress of the house.

THE MORNING STAR

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ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

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THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1914.

One of our French friends tells us that Lille is pronounced "Lilly."

Quit worrying. You can't help it by worrying over it—whatever it is.

Some people have religion but they hold right on to it for themselves.

We shall see tomorrow whether Illinois proposes to fire Cannon for good —the good of the people.

Every country has its Villas and Zapatas, whose chief claim to fame is to keep on making trouble.

Turkey seems to have lost her head unless she knows something that most of us don't think she knows.

The statesmanship of the South has come dangerously near the rocks in attempting to save King Cotton.

An irresponsible soldier friend says if he were rich he would pay a reward of $5 each for all men killed in war by bayonets.

Hysteria is making heretics of some. How does it come that so many boat rockers in the South jumped in and tried to steer?

Vote right and stand by North Carolina and Woodrow Wilson tomorrow. We don't have to fight for our country but we can vote for it.

The "See American First" tourists will see the South during the Winter in larger numbers than ever before because they can't go to Europe to spend their millions.

The South has every reason to know that recovery from the effects of war is a very slow process. It will be so in Europe. It takes years of toil and sacrifice to replenish exhausted resources.

Says the Jacksonville Times-Union: "Cocktails are selling for forty cents apiece in Mexico City, and Huerta is glad he got away in time." If there were any great demand in North Carolina for cocktails, the supply would be lacking and the demand cancelled.

There is nothing to keep lord from being a naval commander and strategist but if we owned a navy we wouldn't necessarily put it in command of a lord unless he had good recommendations for being a real sea dog with teeth.

The Raiford (Fla.) Tribune complains that in spite of the fact that this country the past season produced 16,000,000 more bushels of Irish potatoes than it did last year, potatoes are selling there at 30 cents a peck. Ten to one, those are Northern potatoes shipped to Florida where two crops of potatoes can be grown each season.

The toy business of Germany and other European countries having been shut out from this country by the war, the toy factories of Connecticut have been working day and night in the manufacture of Christmas toys. The Connecticut manufacturers were quick to see their opportunities and to act without marking time to howl.

"Hunger threatens the war zone," is part of the news coming from Europe. There is nothing strange about that. In a war zone of our own recollection a loaf of bread would have looked like a bale of cotton before it goes through the compress. It often happened that "grace" was said over corn bread, sorghum and rye coffee when rye could be had.

During the last few days of October between $7,000,000 and $8,000,000 in emergency currency was returned to the United States Treasury by the banks. Most of it has been returned by New York banks. It shows that the financial situation has eased there, and if all portions of the country now on Easy Street were to return their emergency currency there will be plenty of it to help the South in the same way that it has helped the North and West. They got it just like the South can get it—on approved collateral.

WAITING FOR THE BOTTOM TO DROP OUT.

Buying cotton is a cold blooded business proposition and a low price suits the buyer all the time. It is the seller who worries and loses when cotton is cheap, and as a producer and seler the South is not surprised that the milling interests both here and in England prefer to wait for bottom prices before buying. They are certainly not waiting for the price to go up so they can purchase their mill supplies.

Sir George Paish, representing the British Treasury, now in Washington to confer with our government about the restoration of international exchange facilities, just about expressed the buyers' view of the cotton situation when he expresses the belief that American cotton would be purchased in quantities by English manufacturers, "if they had assurance that the bottom had been reached." In other words, that the bottom had dropped out and prices were lower than they even are now.

A financial dispatch from London says money is plentiful there, so it seems that the manufacturers would be able to buy, and would do so, but they prefer to wait for a bargain. Evidently they think cotton will even sell below present prices.

That is not likely, however, for the Star's Washington dispatch in yesterday's paper stated that it became apparent Saturday that the $135,000,000 cotton loan pool seemed assured. That of itself would keep the price from going lower, for the pool proposes to make loans on a price basis of 6 cents in order to enable cotton producers to hold for a higher price. Taking it for granted that the pool is a sure thing, it would mean that cotton would not sell for less than 6 cents, and not necessarily as low as 6 cents, for the object of the pool practically is to valorize cotton at a higher, though indefinite price.

The buyers have made a mistake if they have stayed out of the market with the expectation of buying cotton at 5 or 6 cents. Galveston is exporting cotton, and quoted the price on Saturday at 7 5-16 for middling. Wilmington, Charleston, Savannah and Norfolk quotations on Saturday were 7 cents. This indicates a better demand. It means that buyers are willing to pay as much as 7 cents.

New Orleans usually one of the highest markets, quoted cotton on Saturday at 6¾ cents, though there is a speculative sentiment there which doubtless gives that market a bear tone. Galveston is doing business and getting the cotton. Houston is paying 7¼ cents for cotton, and none of the important markets offered less than 6⅞ cents on Saturday.

Not very much cotton will go on the market at even the prices quoted. So far the exports for the season have been 568,285 bales, while the receipts have been 1,392,978. Something more than a third of the receipts have been shipped abroad.

GALVESTON A GREAT GRAIN PORT.

Galveston is not only the country's greatest cotton port, but her enterprising exporters are making it one of the leading grain exporting ports of the United States. On the first fifteen days of October sixteen steamships with wheat cargoes cleared from Galveston. The ships carried away 2,582,450 bushels of grain, chiefly for Great Britain.

Galveston's first foreign shipment of granulated sugar also was sent from that port a few days ago on a British steamship. The cargo consisted of 9,200 bags of sugar weighing 920,000 pounds, consigned to Liverpool.

Besides shipping grain and sugar, Galveston is exporting cotton. On the 17th of October the heaviest cargo of cotton to clear from that port this season, was shipped by the steamship City of Naples to Japan. The carried 16,952 bales, of which 13,529 go to Kabe and 3,423 bales were for Yokohama. The City of Naples also took on 1,000 tons of pig iron at Pensacola, Fla., where she made a call to pick up iron shipped there by rail from Birmingham.

The City of Naples is the oriental liner which called at Wilmington some months ago and took a part cargo of cotton for Japan. She went from Galveston by way of the Panama canal to Honolulu where she will call.

New Orleans also is doing a large grain and flour export business. Sixteen vessels cleared from New Orleans October 17th, breaking all records. Some of them carried cotton for Liverpool, Genoa, Havre and Barcelona, and among the exports was 650,000 bushels of wheat and 24,620 sacks of flour. New Orleans also is shipping horses and mules to England and France for use in the army. It is said the number of animals to be shipped is from 60,000 to 100,000.

The Gulf ports seem to be doing business and it seems that there is no lack of ships where cargoes are offered.

MARINE INSURANCE LOWER

The opportunity for shipping on the North Atlantic has greatly improved, for war risks on ships and cargoes have steadily declined. Illustrated Shipping States that the rate on either British or neutral steamers has dropped from 1 1-2 per cent to 5-8 per cent, or even to 1-2 per cent outward bound from the United States to England. French steamers bound from United States ports to Bordeaux or Havre are covered by French underwriters at 1 1-4 per cent, although London underwriters are willing to accept the business at a less rate.

From the Gulf ports of the United States to English ports, cargoes can be placed at rates of 5-8 to 7-8 per cent, while cotton in Spanish steamers to Barcelona from the Gulf has been insured as low as one-half per cent. Referring to shipping risks, Illustrated Shipping says:

"There is no doubt the British War Risk Bureau has had a very steadying effect on the rates, but the careful patrol of the Atlantic by British warships has been even more effective, and as time goes on there is every indication that present rates will show a further diminution. Further south, there is still a little uncertainty, as the armed cruiser "Kronprinz Wilhelm", which sank the "Indian Prince", early in September, is still unaccounted for, while the "Karlsruhe," which was responsible for the sinking of the "Bowes Castle," in August, is also at large. In spite of this, a rate of 2 per cent. is freely quoted for shipments by British steamers from the River Plate and Brazil to U. K. or U. S."

The reduction in ocean insurance accounts for the fact that already more than a half million bales of cotton have been shipped from Gulf ports during the last month, principally.

THE ELECTION TOMORROW.

The election throughout the United States tomorrow is chiefly important because a new House of Representatives is to be elected. It is said, that the outlook presages a Democratic landslide and that the House will have not less than 100 Democratic majority. It is hoped that forcastis correct, for it will show that the country is overwhelmingly endorses the Democratis Administration.

Anyhow, a Democratic majority in the House is needed to support President Wilson during the other two years of his term. Several United States Senators are to be elected by the people and it is said that body will be assuredly Democratic. Even Pennsylvania may send a Democrat in place of Senator Penrose, standpat Republican

North Carolina will elect a United States Senator, ten Congressmen, and a Legislature. Democrats should turn out and vote so the State can be counted strongly for the Wilson administration. The only doubtful Congressional districts in this State are the Eighth and the Tenth, in the mountains, but the Democrats are confident of carrying them. However confident we may feel, it is the duty of Democrats to turn out and stand by their party all over the State.

It also is hoped the progressive men of all parties will vote for the ten constitutional amendments. They all stand for progress, and that is what North Carolina needs at this time.

The campaign fund of the Republican candidate for the Senate in New York amounted to $5,365, of which $5,000 was contributed by a Standard Oil man. The proportion shows which takes the most stock in high tariff advocates—the beneficiaries or the victims of the tariff.

Those who wanted Uncle Sam to intervene in Mexico have no idea of urging him to get gay and meddle in the man's size disturbance in Europe. The only time intervention looks good to the yawpers is when the job appears to be small.

CURRENT COMMENT.

From almost every section come reports of better business. Conditions are steadily improving, and in a few weeks the country should begin to hum. The minute cotton reaches a higher figure, the south will look up, and good business men predict eight-cent cotton before many weeks. —Raleigh Times.

The German cruiser Emden adds a new exploit to its remarkable series of daring deeds, almost every day. But it still must accomplish a great deal before it equals the record of the famous Alabama, which flew the Confederate flag. The announcement that it has sunk a Russian cruiser and a French destroyer shows that it does not confine its surprise visits to defenseless merchant vessels. —Savannah News.

Cotton growers are feeling a little cherished up by increased exports of cotton, the assurance that their product is unconditionally non-contraband, and the tendency of the price to advance. In New Orleans it is calculated that the advance so far has added $40,000,000 to the value of the cotton crop. In a little while the cotton business will be so active that the growers will forget all about their wrath at Congress for not letting them have a quarter or a half-billion dollars out of the Treasury.—Philadelphia Record.

The Wadesboro Ansonian says "When cotton is above 10 cents almost any white man or negro can buy a mule, wagon and buggy and get a year's supply of provisions to make a crop of cotton by simply giving a lien on the cotton before it is even planted. Look what such a system has done for the South this year." The crop lien system has left its blight across Southern civilization, scorching the spiritual as well as the material life of the people. Uunder the mortgage system and the tenancy which it has fostered the whole social scheme has suffered.—Laurinburg Exchange.

Republican spellbinders in some parts of the State have been telling the people that the State is in a bad way, financially, that the State is continually runing in debt, and otherwise stating things that aren't. State Treasurer Lacy has issued a statement in which he refuses these false statements of Republicans. He says North Carolina has not borrowed any money for runing expenses since the Russell administration and that all bond issues have been either for refunding or for permanent improvements. The Republican brethren are hard put to it to get up campaign thunder these days.—Lumberton Robesonian.

The war boards here and there over the country have begun a discussion as to the efficiency of the United States coast defenses. Fear is expressed that big guns, like the Germans use, would play havoc with the forts along the coast, and so they would if these forts were merely exposed targets of steel and concrete, as in the case of the defenses at Liege, but in an assault on the average United States coast defense, the fleet of an enemy would be apt to exhaust all of its shells in an effort to locate the vital spot. Fort Caswell is a pretty good example of an innocent-looking fortification, in the plan of which there are a good many concealed surprises. And should the fort be reduced there would be a few more surprises for a vessel atempting to get into the Southport harbor. If Fort Caswell is a type of the coast defenses in general of this country, there is no immediate ocasion for uneasiness as to their safety as guardians. —Charlotte Observer.

A news story drifts in from Wilmington to the effect that the Mayor of that sad old town took a common councilman by the collar and shook him to some extent, explaining that he "was tired of the man's interference." We do not know just how straight this story is. We only hope that there has been some exaggeration—because if the Major is going to shake the obstinacy out of his council there is no telling what we may not look for. The chief of police is said to have quieted the row and soon thereafter all was an merry as a marriage bell—however merry that it. But there is this about Wilmington. She has a long time had two factions or more down that way. She has even started belligerent newspapers to howl for the "pee-pul" —and she has had elections that were as exciting as a Donnybrook fair or a town when a Roman holiday was on. Perhaps it is climatic. Maybe it is because she is so close to the sounding sea—maybe—well, we do not undertake to say what is the matter with Wilmington, but we do say that she "most in generally" has on her fighting clothes and the man looking for a scrap needn't walk over two blocks to get what he goes after. Let us hope that Mr. Bryan's great peace plan will finally find lodgment in the minds of those people. Let us hope that the great struggle across the waters will be a lesson to them, and finally let us dare to suggest that there is nothing in war but graves and tombstones—whereas in peace there is pie and grape juice.—Al Fairbrother's Everything.

Turkey's participation in the European war, as an enemy of Russia, was expected but even the long-expected when it does happen, gives one the sensation of a surprise. This is the case more particularly when the anticipated blow is struck in a quarter where it was not looked for. The beginning of hostilities without a preceding declaration of war has ceased to be an unusual proceeding. Japan notified Russia that a war was on by sinking a few of the latter's war ships in the harbor of Chemulpo; and this was the method adopted by the Turks. It could not have been supposed that a nation so devoid of naval prowess as the Turks would have opened hostilities with a naval raid; however, this prelude is not to be regarded as giving character to the war which is to ensue. That the Ottoman Government does not contemplate making war on Russia alone is indicated by the warning given by the British Ambassador that any attempted invasion of Egyptian territory would bring down on the Turks the wrath of the entire Triple Entente; and it is precisely against this vital spot in the British Empire that a Turkish demonstration would most probably be directed. The regular British garrisons have been withdrawn from Egypt to form part of the expeditionary force in France. The loyalty of the native troops and of the people is problematical; the Khedive has always been restive under foreign domination, and hostility to the British army of occupation has frequently broken out, from the time of Arabi Pash to the time, two or three years ago, when plots to assassinate British officers (some of which were successful) were unearthed. A really effective defense could not be made by Great Britain at present to a Turkish "war of liberation" in Egypt.—Philadelphia Record.

BETTER BABIES

The crusade for better babies has spread from coast to coast, and taken firm hold of American Mothers. Few women realize how much the ill health of the mother influences the unborn child, both physically and mentally. Women who suffer from mysterious pains, backache, nervousness, mental depression, headaches, etc., should rely on Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, which for nearly forty years has been the standard remedy for these ailments. (advertisement.)

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QUICK SERVICE QUALITY WORK
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FOURTH FLOOR, OBSERVER BLDG. CHARLOTTE, N. CAROLINA.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE.

By virtue of the power of sale vested in me, as contained in a deed of trust from Roland A. Wright and wife, Daisy T. Wright, of date November 26th, 1912, and duly recorded in Book 70, at page 52, of the Records of New Hanover County, I will offer for sale to the highest bidder, for cash, at the Court House door, in Wilmington, N. C., on Monday, the 30th day of November, A. D. 1914, the following described porperty, to-wit:

"Beginning in the western line of Nutt street at a point 198 feet northwardly from the northern line of Grace street, running thence southwardly along the western line of Nutt street 22.55 feet to the line of a lot now owned by Roland A. Wright; thence westwardly and parallel with Grace street 122 feet; thence northwardly and parallel with Nutt street 22.55 feet; thence eastwardly and parallel with Grace street 122 feet to the point of beginning, in the western line of Nutt street, the same being a part of Lot No. 3, in block 202, according to the present official plan of the city of Wilmington.

The terms of sale are for cash upon delivery of deed, which is to be made immediately after said sale. This sale being made at the request of the Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Company, beneficiary of said trust.

GEO. A. GRIMSLEY, Trustee.

This 29th day of Oct., 1914.
oc30-30t

J.F.LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building.

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are asked to consult our advertisements for full information about roofing matters. We want you to become acquainted with the numerous merits of

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It is recognized all over the world as the modern, scientific method of covering all types of buildings—houses, barns, churches, apartment houses, farm buildings, factories, warehouses, skyscrapers, school and university buildings.

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IV. Most reasonable in price.

AMERICA'S OPPORTUNITY.

There are altogether too many pessimists in this country who are kicking about the effect of the European war on business. Coming as it did immediately after a period of depression it kindled anew in the minds of some people the feeling that prosperity would not return for a long time. As a matter of fact the war's big cost will fall on Europe and as soon as the final treaties of peace are signed the commercial and financial ascendency of the United States is bound to begin—then we will have to get busy and figure out ways and means to fill orders helping to rebuild Europe and we will have no time to lament over anything.

As a result of the war there has been a more or less disarrangement of business and finance, but it is now well in hand and will entirely stop as soon as peace is in sight—and that should be soon.

This war has given the United States a greater opportunity to increase its foreign trade than any other country has ever had. German foreign commerce is practically stopped and the commerce of other European nations at war is very severely affected. A large part of this trade will surely come to us if we are properly equipped to take it over. The opportunity presented requires a first-class merchant marine which this country has not had since the Civil war. With the re-establishment of a merchant marine the commerce of the United States will again be transported to all parts of the world in American bottoms, and we will become the greatest financial power in the world. We believe some new records for big business are not far ahead for the entire United States of America. Let us supply America's needs. This alone will make business improve greatly.

Certain-teed Roofing is for sale by dealers everywhere at reasonable prices.

General Roofing Mfg. Company
World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers.
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Bell Phone Spruce 4531
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$10.70 to Richmond, Va. and Return
—via—
The Atlantic Coast Line
The Standard Railroad of the South.
SOUTHERN MEDICAL CONVENTION
Tickets on sale Nov. 6, 7, 8; limited to reach original starting point prior to midnight of November 22nd, 1914.
W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traffic Mgr. T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Have you *lost* anything?

Don't sit down and mourn with a "I'll never get it back" expression on your face.

Cheer up! Put out a *dragnet* for it.

That means use a *lost* and *found ad.* in this paper.

Most people are honest, and few want rewards, so the cost to you is *trifling.*

NEW FALL STYLES
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GASOLINE 14½c PER GALLON
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$10.80 to SAVANNAH and Return
Via The
ATLANTIC COAST LINE
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
ANNUAL CONVENTION UNITED DAUGHTERS OF THE CONFEDERACY.

Tickets on sale November 7th to 10th, inclusive, and for trains scheduled to reach Savannah before noon of the 11th. Limited to reach original starting point prior to midnight of November 20, 1914.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager. T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.

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Complete line of Groceries. Prices and Samples on Application.
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105 MARKET STREET
A visit to our Show Windows will give you an idea of a few of the new and many gifts we have to offer.
Take one look, and make your "Gift Buying" a pleasure for ever afterwards.

MEMORIAL SERVICES FOR BISHOP STRANGE

Sermon by Dr. Milton on His Life and Character

Appropriate Observance of Tenth Anniversary of His Consecration to Episcopate at St. James' Church Yesterday Morning

Peculiarly appropriate for the spirit of All Saints' Day were services at St. James' Episcopal church yesterday morning which were in the nature of a memorial to the late Bishop Robert Strange, of the Diocese of East Carolina, who for the greater part of his life was intimately and closely connected with the affairs of this church. The sermon by Rev. Dr. Wm. H. Milton, the rector, was a striking and salient summing up of the influences that made the life of Bishop Strange one of unusual force for good.

Rev. Dr. R. B. Drane, rector of St. Paul's church, Edenton, assisted in the service and following the sermon, celebrated the Holy Communion, assisted by Dr. Milton. The large auditorium was filled with a congregation in which were members of practically every congregation in Wilmington.

Memorial services were held in the other Episcopal churches of the city also, and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock Rev. Dr. Drane and Rev. W. E. Cox, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, conducted memorial services at Oakdale cemetery. The Sunday School of St. James' held memorial services in the afternoon at 3:45 o'clock.

Yesterday was the tenth anniversary of the consecration of Bishop Strange and it was his intention, had he lived, to have celebrated the day in the church, where he began his episcopate.

Before beginning his sermon Dr. Milton read two tributes to the life and work of Bishop Strange, one by Bishop A. M. Randolph, of the Diocese of Southern Virginia, and the other by Rev. W. E. Cox. The tribute by Mr. Cox has been published in the Morning Star and that of Bishop Randolph follows:

"Few names could drop out of the roll of American Bishops and cause a wider gap than that of Bishop Strange.

"To his friends, to his diocese, to those who knelt in the service of confirmation and under his hands received the blessing of admission into the visible church of Christ; to those, who in their homes have been drawn to him and touched by the sweetness and the light in his social intercourse, his memory will be cherished as a benediction to their lives. In other churches than his own he recognised the brotherhood in Christ as the deepest and the surest bond of unity. He was no critic of ecclesiastical forms other than his own. His gentleness and his love lifted him out of the atmosphere of the cold anatomist of ecclesiastical organisms and of intellectual differences.

"Above all he loved his church and dedicated himself to her service, body, mind, and heart, without stint and to the last. Bishop Strange was essentially a preacher of the Gospel. He had gifts of imagination to see into human hearts. He had love, the love of souls, without which the preacher's voice is as sounding brass and the tinkling cymbal. Jesus Christ laid his parting command upon his Apostles, "Go forth into all the world and preach the Gospel to every creature'. From the early morning of Christianity He has honored the instrumentality of preaching to build his church and to touch and win souls by the power of his Gospel.

"We speak unwisely when we speak disparagingly and profess indifference to the sermon, as compared with the worship in the House of God. In the non-liturgical churches it may he true that the sermon is often unduly exalted and the worship, by contrast, is underestimated. However this may be, the Gospel preached from the lips of faithful pastors in every denomination of Christian people, is the ordinance of Christ Himself for the conversion of souls and the building up of Christian character in our most holy faith. A bishop is not only the chief officer of his diocese, but also its chief pastor; and as the years go on, he comes more and more to share in the pastoral relation to the people of the congregations over whom he has the charge.

"It has been my privilege to welcome Bishop Strange into my own home. I cannot forget, especially on his last visit, his sweetness and the light of a loving heart on his face, which drew us all around him and made us all want him to stay when it was time for him to leave us. I cannot forget the scene at his consecration, when it was my privilege to preach the consecration sermon. His face, so unconscious of himself, so unworldly with spiritual life and love, is before me now. We may say of him what was said of one of England's noblest preachers and teachers, "His loss has impoverished our present, but has enriched our past with happy memories and our future with sacred hopes."

"May God bless the diocese he loved and served, and to which he gave the best years of his beautiful life."

Dr. Milton's Sermon

Dr. Milton took for his text the eighth verse of the fifth chapter of Matthew as follows: Blessed are the pure in heart: for they shall see God."

"In the revolving cycle of the Christian Year, " he said, "the church has set apart this day in every year as All Saint's Day. After her special commemoration of particular saints, as St. Peter and St. John and St. James, the great mountain peaks, as it were, in the whole range of human life and human character, she calls upon us to commemorate the great general idea of sainthood. She witnesses to her faith that, in addition to those who are great in their deeds and their inspirations, there is an innumerable company who are great only in their characters, "great" as it was prophesied at his birth John the Baptist should be. "in the sight of God". She recalls to the minds of her children, who are still in their warfare and who walk as yet by faith, the memory of the holiness of those, who, springing from the level plains of human existence, reared amidst the same circumstances, as their own, though no mountain-peaks, yet attained "unto the measure of the stature of the perfect man in Christ Jesus."

"Poor, indeed, is the soul who does not possess, treasured in the casket of memory, the example of some other soul whom "he has" loved long since and lost awhile", that has witnessed to the possibility of Christ's reincarnation in human life,—such an example as will forever shame his indifference to the higher calls to nobility and holiness, and stir in him the wish, while it confirms in him the will, to find an answer in himself to the prayer which to-day the church puts on our lips,—that "we may so follow God's blessed Saints in all virtuous and godly living, that we may come to those unspeakable joys which he has prepared for those who unfeignedly love Him."

"And this, it seems to me, is the chief value of All Saints' Day,—that it is the church's denial of the medieval conception that sainthood is dependent upon exceptional gifts and opportunities, and is limited to those who have exceptional genius and power; that it is also the church's declaration that the calendar of Saints is not filled when she has named those whom all the world must recognize as great but that there is room for all in her Valhalla of heroes. That we may bring here today the name and memory of any, however humble in the sight of men, in whom we have seen a reflection of the King in His beauty, and enshrine them, regardless of their reputation, their position, their possessions. It is character here only, that counts,—what a man is in the sight of God, what we have known him to be in his inward life, his soul, his character, apart from any consideration of his outward circumstances and condition.

"It is related that "when Longfellow died, Emerson, who had been his friend for at least half a century, went to his funeral. Emerson, who then was himself aged and frail, with failing powers and his memory almost entirely lost, gave utterance to a remark pathetic for the occasion but eternally true. Looking to the coffin, he said. "The gentleman who lies there was a beautiful soul, but I have forgotten his name." With the failing faculties which presaged his own death, the recollection of a life-long friendship summed itself up not in his name, not in his work, not in his reputation, but in the memory of what he was himself. "The like is true of all those who are worthy" to be numbered among His Saints in glory everlasting,—their names may he reckoned among earth's great ones or if they may not—I have forgotten his name—but he was a beautiful soul.

"The church has given us her own definition of saintliness, and in giving it she is true to her Lord; for the definition she has given in the Gospel for the Day is comprised in His own Beatitudes. "Blessed", said Jesus, "is the man who thinks lowly of himself; who has passed through great trials; who gives in and endures; who longs for perfection; who carries a tender heart; who has a passion for holiness; who sweetens human life; who dares to be true to conscience. This is our Lord's conception of saintliness; this is the conception which His church has accepted as her own; and there is but one other that is comparable to it,—and that is, St. Paul's Eulogy on Love.

Great indeed, the soul that is worthy of a place among those eight men of the Beatitudes, or in which there is traceable a likeness to the portrait which St. Paul has left us in his sublime eulogy on Love ;Great, whether rich or poor in earthly marks of greatness; Great, because "great in the sight of the Lord" And what else will really matter when the final estimate of a life's worth is made?

"All Saints' Day, Each of you. I am sure, has some name which you would enshrine in its casket of jewels;—the memory of some beautiful soul that has shed its light across your pathway and made the way of holiness and service easier and brighter for your feet, that has revealed more clearly the stairway that slopes through darkness up to God. Indeed, I do not think I have ever met an individual, who,—after the crust of reserve was broken and the hidden thoughts of the soul laid bare, in talking over the things that make for the soul's welfare,—would not admit that there was at least one life that he believed in to the very core of its being, one influence that made him better for having known it, one example that if he had followed it in all virtuous and godly living would have led him on to something far better and nobler than he was. Yes, we all have our special saints, beautiful souls that were nearer to us individually, because of some special tie that bound our lives to them, than any other of God's saints. These, perhaps, will always have first place in our hearts' commemmoration on this day.

"But even though it have not first place for some of us among those, our dearest and our best, I feel sure that there is no one name around which the memories of this congregation as a whole can so easily entwine themselves as of blessed memory, as around the name of him whose life and character we would commemorate to-day, —the name of Robert Strange. Indeed, I have no fear of being accused of exaggeration when I say that it is hardly possible that this community has known any other name which through the whole of a life's history has been more beloved and revered than the name of Robert Strange,—none, certainly, with more unsullied reputation from childhood through youth and manhood to age," as man, citizen, priest, bishop, friend,—in each period and in every relation of life, "wearing the white flower of a blameless life."

"I realize, perhaps more keenly than any of you, how difficult is the task I have set for myself in attempting any estimate of one whom so many of you knew far more intimately than I, and throughout the whole course of his life. And again, I feel my possible presumption in seeking a just estimate of his character, rather than of his natural gifts and life-work. It is always more or less presumptuous for one to seek to explore the higher regions of human life, about which only God can know the whole truth. There are some things you can say about a man as soon as you see him; there are other things you can add when you have come to know him: but not at once, if ever, can you estimate his inward life, his soul, his character. That shall not be fully known till we shall all stand before the judgement-seat of Christ.

"Still one need not be able to measure the full volume of a stream's flow in order to tell the direction of its current. And it is possible sometimes to epitomize the trend of a man's character in a single sentence: I think the character which we would chiefly commemorate to-day is an instance. And if I were asked to give such an epitome, I should find it without hesitation in the Beatitude of Jesus: Blessed are the pure in heart; for they shall see God.

"Natural graces he had, no doubt, in abundance; those who knew and loved him best testify that he did, that he won all who came in touch with him by his gentleness, sweetness, loveableness of disposition—to sum it up in one word, that rarest of all natural gifts—charm. Cultivated gifts, he also had, both of mind and will, else he could never have won the influence that he exerted over those to whom he ministered in the several spheres of his ministry or held it after it was won. But the impression that one gets most clearly in talking with his friends is the uniform consistency of his life. His days were linked each to each in natural piety.

He seems to have belonged to that class which Prof. James calls the "once-born"—There seems never to have been any violent or convulsive religious experience, such as seems to many must accompany conversion or the awakening of the soul but just an even flow of instinctive reliance upon God and obedience to His will. In each passage from the narrower to the wider sphere of experience and activity, the transition was as natural and simple as the change from childhood to manhood, or from manhood to age. He was blessed with a child-like quality of nature, which made him look for the best and hope for the best in everything,—an innocence both from evil and the knowledge of evil which determined his attitude both towards God and towards men. As a friend, who knew him all of his life, recently said of him, Whatever annoyances came to him, whether of the petty irritations of life, often harder to bear than the greater trials against which we brace ourselves, or whether of the responsibilities of his high office, they were met in the same cheerful and disarming spirit, with an equableness serenely impenetrable, because he was deeply imbued with the consciousness of the good governance of the God in whom he trusted. Or as the author of the term once-born says of that class in which I have placed Robert Strange:

They no more shrink from God, than a child from an emperor, before whom the parent trembles: in fact they have no vivid conception of any of the qualities in which the severer Majesty of God consists. God is to them the impersonation of Kindness and Beauty. They read His character, not in the disordered world of man, but in romantic and harmonious nature. Of human sin they know perhaps little in their own hearts and not very much in the world; and human suffering does but melt them to tenderness.

"It is this quality of the soul's character which is most prominent in those whom Jesus named the pure in heart. For it would be a narrow interpretation indeed, which would limit His meaning to mere freedom from moral and sensual taint in thought and word and deed; or which would even push such purity from sensual defilement into the foreground of our Lord's meaning. Purity of life is simply one of the consequences of purity of heart. Simplicity and clearness of faith in the unfailing goodness of God, single-hearted devotion to His service unclouded by the sordid ambitions and petty jealousies of human life, unwavering loyalty to the good, the beautiful and the true, these are the cardinal qualities of the pure in heart.

"And with these qualities are found also, as the expression of the same inward purity,—a transparent sincerity of motive and purpose, a certain guilelessness of nature, an unwillingness to think evil of others or impute evil to them until the last excuse is made and the last defense heard, a sunny optimism that hopes for the best even when conditions are worst and patiently and uncomplainingly waits for the fruition of its hopes .

"That those who knew him best will recognize these qualities of soul as the most marked characteristics of the man they knew as Robert Strange, I am sure. They must see also, how large a part they played in the influence which he exerted upon his world. Take just one of them—guilelessness. Drummond, in interpreting the meaning of "St. Paul's Charity thinketh no evil" might almost have had this man in mind, when he wrote The possession of guilelessness is the great secret of personal influence. You will find if you think a moment, that the people who influence you are people who believe in you. In an atmosphere of suspicion men shrivel up; but in that atmosphere they expand, and find encouragement and educative fellowship. It is a wonderful thing that here and there in this hard, uncharitable world there should still be left a few rare souls who think no evil. This is the great unworldliness."

"What I have written here may seem but a poor delineation of the character of the man whom you loved and revered. But I have not sought to paint a portrait. I lack the fitness that comes only through long and close association, necessary to make a faithful biography. What I have done is little more than an impression—my own impression, truthfully and sincerely set forth, of the hidden springs of the inner character of the man—such an impression as has come to me in mere flashes of insight into what he really was, and why he was what you knew him to be. Those who knew him in his public life will dwell upon his abilities as a preacher, a citizen, a bishop, and a friend: only those who lived with him in the intimacy of every day life can complete the picture of what he was as a man—with their loving testimonies to his courtesy, his chivalry, his patience, his gentleness, his forbearance.

"And yet my impression, even though it be only that of a by-stander, seeking an answer to the question, What manner of man is this? —if it be true to the eternal facts in the case, if the glimpses I have caught of the inner man really reveal what he was in the sight of God—is enough to establish his eternal fame. Nothing else really matters—his position, his honors, his labors, his natural gifts, his name, even, may be forgotten; but —he was a beautiful soul—he has seen God! The blurred vision, which he had of God here—the best that is here granted to the holiest of His Saints, even though out of a pure heart—is perfected now —he has seen God face to face.

MURCHISON IN NEW QUARTERS

Well Known Wilmington Financial Institution Now Occupies Handsome Ten Story Building.

The Murchison National Bank, one of the best known and strongest financial institutions of North Carolina, now occupies its handsome new ten-story building, corner of Front and Chestnut streets, and will open its doors in its new home for the first time this morning at 9 o'clock. The removal was made Saturday night, without a mishap of any kind, and everything is in readiness for the transaction of business.

It was only necessary to move the vast sums of money and the valuable papers stored in its vaults and the books, as all the furniture in the new building is entirely new. The furniture is of a type to match the woodwork of the building.

The bank will occupy the entire first floor of the new building. The valut is located in the center of the room. Directly in front are the cages for the paying and receiving tellers, while in the rear will be located the desks for keeping the records and for carrying on its extensive correspondence. To the left of the entrance are the desks of the officers of the bank, including the president, vice-president, cashier and assistant cashier.

A feature of the new home are the large windows which will provide an abundance of light. A specially arranged system of ventilation will keep the room full of fresh air at all times. The interior is handsomely fitted up. The ornamented columns with marble effect add much to the beauty of the surroundings.

With the exception of the finishing touches, the new building was practically completed two months ago, and a large proportion of the 150 offices in the structure are already occupied. Three high speed elevators furnish ready access to any part of the building. At the entrance to the corridor has been placed a cigar stand for the convenience of the patrons of the bank and the occupants of the building.

The Home Savings Bank, now located in the Orton Building, will move this afternoon into the building which has been vacated by the Murchison.

BAPTISMAL SERVICE AT LAKE

Evangelist Carlye B. Haynes Addresses Two Large Audiences in Wilmington Yesterday.

More than a thousand people crowded the shores of Greenfield Lake yesterday morning to witness the baptismal service conducted there by Evangelist Carlyle B. Haynes, the Seventh-day Adventist minister, writer and lecturer. About the same number tried to find seats at his service in the afternoon at the Victoria Theatre to hear his address on "Satan—His Origin, Work and Destiny." And at the night service in the Junior Order Hall on South Front street the building was crowded to the doors, many being compelled to stand during the entire services, to hear his address on "The Great Controversy Between Christ and Satan."

Nine persons were baptized in the waters of the lake by Mr. Haynes yesterday morning, and he announced that there would be another baptism there next Sunday morning at the same time. These nine were a part of the 50 people who have begun the observance of the seventh day Sabbath as a result of attending the meetings which Mr. Haynes has been holding in Wilmington since the last of May. Forty have already united with his church.

In his address at the Victoria in the afternoon the evangelist took the position that there is a plurality of inhabited planets, that Satan was once a sinless angel, who when he fell tried to conquer all the worlds, but succeeded in conquering only this one, that his dominion over this one will soon be brought to a full end, and that the heads or governors of the other worlds hold periodical councils in heaven over which God presides.

Assuring his hearers that there was a personal devil, Mr. Haynes said: "The danger of the present hour is increased by the tendency which has appeared in the church in recent years to discredit the doctrine of the personality of the devil, and the lightness with which the whole subject is dealt with when considered at all. Sermons on the subject of Satan are very rare, and are received with incredulous smiles as if the subject was one only for children, and hardly suitable for grown people. But that this subject is one of most vital importance is evident from the fact that the character and work of the devil are constantly dwelt on in the Scriptures of truth, especially in the New Testament. At the very beginning of the gospel of Christ the devil is seen as the personal tempter of our Lord, and through all the gospels, epistles, and the Revelation, one is struck with the constant references to the personality, origin, power, cruelty, malignity, and final doom of the 'God of this world.'"

THE NEED FOR A LARGE VOTE

Representation of County in Different Conventions Based on Vote Cast in Election

Democratic leaders here are predicting that unless the vote in the general election tomorrow is larger than would be expected from the interest that has been manifested in the campaign, New Hanover stands in some danger of losing part of her representative strength in the Senatorial, Judicial and Congressional conventions.

They point out that the representation of the different counties in the district conventions is based on the vote cast in the general elections, and that from present indications Brunswick county, especially, will make a considerable gain over New Hanover as regards their present respective representation in the Senatorial convention composed of the two counties. With no opposition to the Democratic candidates here, there has been little to bring the interest of the New Hanover voters up to the necessary pitch to bring out even a normal vote. In Brunswick the case has been different, for in that county both the Democratic and Republican parties have named tickets, and as the county is usually close, and active campaigns have ben waged by both sides, it is expected that the vote will run over the normal.

If this turns out to be the case, Brunswick will undoubtedly make a gain over New Hanover in the matter of representation in the Conventions, and this might establish a new basis as to the method of naming the Senatorial candidate from the district, over which, it will be remembered, there was quite a controversy last spring.

For this reason, as well as the fact that a large vote will be taken as a substantial endorsement to the present State and National administration, the party leaders here are urging that every man go to the polls tomorrow and exercise his privilege of voting.

FUNERAL OF MRS. BRANCH

Services from Delgado Baptist Church Yesterday Afternoon

The funeral of Mrs. Walter C. Branch, whose death occured at her home at Delgado Friday morning, was conducted from Delgado Baptist church yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. W. M. Craig, assistant pastor of the First Baptist church. The church was filled with the many friends and relatives in attendance. The interment was in Bellevue cemetery .

The pallbearers were Messrs. R. W. Scott, G. R. Rogers, J. J. Rackley, M. L. Cook, J. J. Spivey, and C. M. Hunt.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 2nd

All deposits made with this bank on or before November 2nd will draw Interest from November 1st, and will receive credit for five months Interest on April 1st.

4 Per Cent. compounded quarterly paid on all accounts. Start the saving habit here today.

Old and Strong

The Peoples Savings Bank

Corner Front and Princess Streets.

Capital and Profits over $350,000.00

The Protection of

A BIG BANK

is important to the small as well as to the large depositor.

In selecting YOUR bank, remember that this is the oldest bank in Wilmington, and one of the strongest savings institutions in the South.

Same rate of interest paid on both large and small accounts.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

110 Princess Street

CORN SHOW

Bring Your Products to the Corn Show

Bring Your Prescriptions to

MISSION :: PHARMACY ::

Buy Toilet Articles from Mission Pharmacy

L. B. SASSER

FOR SALE CHEAP

3 SECTION ICE BOX

Suitable for Small Market House

Address J. H. HINTON, Orton Hotel,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE

2 miles 30 pound R. R. Iron. 3 miles 35 pound R. R. Iron.
1 20-ton Locomotive. 1 25-horse power Hoisting Engine.
1 15-horse power Hoisting Engine 1 150-h. p. Return Tubular Boiler.
1 100-h. p. Return Tub. Boiler. 1 50-h. p. Return Tubular Boiler.
1 Steam Feed Saw Mill. 2 Rope Feed Saw Mills.
6 Various Size Engines.

We have these and a great many other Bargains at our yeards at Lingo City. Can ship at once.

Wilmington Iron Works

"THE IRON MEN."

"TIZ" FOR TIRED SORE, ACHING FEET

Ah! what relief. No more tired feet; no more burning feet, swollen, bad smelling, sweaty feet. No more pain in corns callouses or bunions. No matter what ails your feet or what under the sun you've tried without getting relief. Just use "TIZ."

"TIZ" draws out all the poisonous exudations which puff up the feet; "TIZ" is magical; "TIZ" is grand; "TIZ" will cure your foot troubles so you'll never limp or draw up your face in pain. Your shoes won't seem tight and your feet will never, never hurt or get sore, swollen or tired.

Get a 25 cent box at any drug or department store, and get relief.

SPECIAL SIZES 1 to 3

$2.98

LADIES DRESS SHOES

Were $4.00 and $4.50

HEWLETT & PRICE

24 North Front Street

MULLETS

—Large Mullets
—Medium Mullets
—Mackerel
—Cod Fish
—Pic-Nic Hams
—Jap. Rice
—Head Rice
—Flour

Special Prices on above This Week.

LOVE & WOODY

Wholesale Grocers.

Phone 809.

600 lbs. Vetch
300 lbs. Crimson Clover
400 bushels Rye
200 bushels Wheat
100 bushels Fish
3000 kegs Nails
200 bundles Hoop Iron
500 Spirit Casks
5000 bbls. Flour
800 bushels Corn
500 bushels Meal
500 bbls. Molasses.

Get Our Prices Before Purchasing.

D. L. Gore Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

J. B. McCABE

Certified Public Accountant

Room 815 Murch. Nat. Bank Bldg.

Phone 996 WILMINGTON, N. C.

A SMALL MESSAGE

Can be told in a small space, but a large store has a large message to tell —always!

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, WILMINGton, N. C., Oct. 31, 1914. Sealed proposals for furnishing and delivering about 2,716 short leaf pine piling will be received at this office until 12 m., Dec. 1, 1914, and then publicly opened. Information on application. H. W. Stickle, Maj. Engrs.

Star Business Locals Get Results

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Charlotte Atkins, of Southport, was a guest at the Orton yesterday.

• • •

Miss Annie Futch has returned from a pleasant visit to Miss Lillian Hill, of Newbern.

• • •

Mrs. Crampton and Miss Katharine Crampton, of Mobile, Ala., are the guests of Mrs. W. E. Worth, on Orange street.

• • •

Mrs. C. F. Gregson, Sr., and daughter, Miss Beatrice Gregson, of Hamlet, spent yesterday in the city with Mrs. Gregson's sons, Messrs. C. F. Gregson, Jr. and William Gregson.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Stroud and Miss Chic Bissett, of Florence, S. C., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. L. E. Lewis, No. 1012 North Fourth street.

• • •

The Ladies' Aid Society of Seagate Baptist church will hold a "country store" sale in the Miller store house near the Seagate station Tuesday afternoon and evening. Oysters, ice cream and cake and many other things will be for sale. The public is cordially invited to attend.

• • •

The Rebekahs' are at work on their autumn fair which they expect to hold on November 19th. They will appreciate anything that may be contributed by Odd Fellows or their friends and promise to dispose of it to the very best advantage. The proceeds will go to the Odd Fellow's Home at Goldsboro.

• • •

Master Guilford Dass entertained most delightfully at the home of his parents at Seagate Saturday afternoon in honor of his fifth birthday. After outdoor games the little folks went to the beautifully decorated dining room, where delicious refreshments were served. Those present were Herbert and Avell Thomas, John and Annie Marshall, Robert Larkins, Alex. Stanland, Martha, Virginia and Chelma Rogers.

• • •

TRINITY JUNIORS HOLD ANNUAL JOLLIFICATION

Trinity College, Oct. 31.—The members of the Junior class held their annual jollification in the college reception room, in East Duke Building, yesterday evening between the hours of 8:30 and 12 o'clock. The large hall was beautifully decorated in the class colors, maroon and gray; while huge pumpkins, half hidden in immense clusters of beautiful brown leaves, in the mellow light of hundreds of candles, produced a most pleasing effect. From a veritable mountain of these pumpkins, candles, and autumn leaves Miss Carrie Craig and Mr. R. M. Johnson served punch to the members of the gathering. Fine creams cakes, and other dainty delicatessen were also served, while progressive conversation and various familiar games made up the major part of the programme.

The guests of honor of the evening were: the ladies of the Freshman class, Professor and Mrs. A. M. Webb, Professor C. W. Pappler and wife, and Professor Yost.

• • •

MISS IRENE HOFFMAN THE BRIDE OF MR. GEORGE SNOW

Wilmington friends on yesterday received handsomely engraved cards bearing the following interesting and pleasing announcement:

Mrs. Mary Elizabeth Hoffman
announces the marriage of her
daughter
Irene
to
Mr. George Snow
on Saturday the thirty-first of October
nineteen hundred and fourteen
Asheville, North Carolina.
At Home:
after the twentieth of November
Hill Crest, Haymount
Fayetteville, North Carolina.

The bride is pleasantly remembered in Wilmington, where she has resided for a number of years. The groom is a well known and popular young Wilmingtonian, now with the N. Jacobi Hardware Company as traveling salesman. Hosts of friends of both will felicitate them upon this happy union, the announcement of the wedding carrying only one regret in that they are to reside elsewhere.

• • •

MR. W. G. ROBERTSON RETURNS WITH BRIDE

Mr. W. G. Robertson, organist at St. James' Episcopal church, and his bride arrived in the city Saturday morning and are living at the Carolina Apartments. The following account of their wedding is from the Newport News, (Va.) Daily Press of Friday, October 30th:

"The First Presbyterian church was filled last night at 7:30 o'clock with a large and fashionable assemblage to witness one of the most brilliant weddings of the season, when Miss Margaret Ella Holt, daughter of Mrs. Martha Houston Holt, became the bride of Mr. William Gemmel Robertson, of Wilmington, N. C. Rev. E. T. Wellford, D. D., pastor of the church, was the officiating minister.

"The church was beautifully decorated. The altar was banked high with palms, ferns and yellow and white chrysanthemums. Tall vases of yellow chrysanthemums marked the sections reserved for the families. A rainbow effect was attained in the selection of the gowns of the attendants ,each wearing a different color.

"Before the arrival of the bridal party, Mrs. Edwin Feller sang 'An Old Country Wedding Song.' At the entry of the bride, with her cousin, Mr. Henry N. Phillips, of Richmond, who gave her in marriage, Miss Ella Davis rendered Lohengrin's "Wedding march." The bride's gown was fashioned of ivory satin, with court train, and handsomely draped in real lace and pearls. Her veil of tulle, which fell from a Julie cap, was caught with lilies of the valley, and she carried a shower bouquet of orchids and illies-of-the-valley.

"Preceding the bridal party were little Misses Elizabeth Jack and Mary Hudson, the flower girls, who wore dainty frocks of white lingerie, the former wearing blue ribbons and the latter pink ribbons. Both carried baskets of roses and ferns. Following in order named were the bridesmaids. groomsman and maid of honor. Misses Barbara Robertson, sister of the groom; Miss Louise Carter, Miss Sue Brown, Miss Evelyn Sutherland, Miss Ethel Taylor and Madeline James were the bridesmaids. Their gowns were of different colored chiffon, with overdresses of white chiffon, embroidered in gold buterflies, and each carried a bouquet of chrysanthemums. The maid of honor, Miss Florence Holt, sister of the bride, wore a gown of pink charmeuse with over-drapery of two-toned lace and carried a shower of pink rosebuds. The groomsmen were Messrs. T. A. Norris, of Richmond; Dayton E. Herrick, Irl R. Hudson, Rosser B. West, Whittington Hayes and W. Morrison Paxton.

"The bride was met at the altar by the groom and his best man, Mr. James Tabb, of Richmond. As a recessional Miss Ella Davis played Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." Immediately after the ceremony, Mr. and Mrs. Robertson left on the Old Dominion night line steamer via Richmond for their bridal tour. Upon their return, they will make their home in Wilmington, N. C.

"Mr. Robertson, is the son of Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Robertson, of this city, and formerly lived in Newport News. He is well known in musical circles and at one time was organist at St. Paul's Episcopal church. At present he is choirister and organist at the largest Episcopal church in Wilmington. Mrs. Robertson has lived in this city since childhood and is widely known and popular in the younger social set."

SEARCH INDEPENDENT CLUB

Sheriff Cowan and Deputies Served Warrant, Issued by Recorder, Saturday Night.

One empty beer keg and three empty whiskey bottles was all the evidence that Sheriff Cowan and his deputies found Saturday night in the rooms of the Independent Club to indicate that there had been any intoxicating liquors in that vicinity when they searched the place upon a search and seizure warrant, issued by Recorder John J. Furlong.

The warrant was placed in Sheriff Cowan's hands by the Recorder Saturday night about 9 o'clock and he proceded at once to take the necessary steps to have it served. Accompanied by Deputy Sheriffs Kelly, Reynolds, Kermon, Burgwin and Savage, he went at once to the club which has its headquarters on the third floor of the building at No. 107 South Front street There was no one in the quarters at the time but Mr. Jos. A. Price, secretary of the club, was notified and he unlocked the door and gave the officers free access to the rooms.

It was shortly after 9 o'clock when the search was made and as it revealed nothing out of the ordinary, the offiecrs then went home. Sheriff Cowan stated last night that he would return the warrant to the clerk of the Recorder's court this morning with the proper entry made that he found no evidence of a violation of the law.

VISITING SUNDAY SCHOOLS

Executive Committee of Wilmington Association Making Tour of City

The executive committee composed of the officers of the Wilmington Sunday School Association are now engaged in visiting the different Sunday Schools of the city for the purpose of studying the methods of teaching and to make any suggesteions that may be deemed wise. Yesterday afternoon they visited the Sunday Schools at Bladen Street Methodist church and Calvary Baptist church. It is their purpose to continue their visitations until they have met with all the Sunday Schools of Wilmington.

The officers of the Association are: President, Mr. G. A. P. Bowman; vice presidents, Mr. W. W. Koch, Mr. C. H. Huband, D. H. Howes and Mr. Corbett; secretary, Jos. W. Little, Esq.

Negro Caught at Last

After escaping the vigilance of the Wilmington police officers for more than a year, James, Jones, colored, was arrested early yesterday morning by Policeman A. E. Nunn and will be arraigned before the Recorder this morning on charges of larceny and disorderly conduct.

SECOND LYCEUM NUMBER NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT

Entertainment by Weeks & Company Promises Much Amusement.

The second number of the Boys' Brigade Lyceum Course will be presented next Friday night. The sale of reserved seat tickets will open at Munson and Company's next Thursday morning and will continue through Friday until 6 o'clock. The entertainers will be the Edwin R. Weeks Company. Always keeping in mind the desires of the subscribers to this course the management has arranged to vary the type of entertainment offered, interspersing with the several splended musical numbers some of the lighter forms of entertainment.

This time the intention is to give the subscribers an opportunity to laugh. This does not mean a feeble laugh, either for Mr. Edwin R. Weeks is recognized as one of the greatest humorists in America and he never fails to reach his goal which is hearty laughter, the result of the richest and cleanest humor, presented as only a great comedian can present it. Mr. Weeks is accompanied by Mrs. Weeks and Miss Sinclair, a violinist of rare ability.

However, this company was selected for its mirth provoking power and this will be the paramount feature. The program consumes one hour and thirty minutes with something occurring every minute, there being no pauses or intermissions. Each programme will contain two or three sketches.

Among these may be mentioned "Squire Blakslies' Clarinet" a mirth provoking playlet that keeps the audience in a roar, but underlying it all is a moral and a purpose for these days of divorces and separations. "School Days" is a musical playlet for children from seven to 70 years of age that will amuse the former, and, with a flood of memories, transplant the latter back into the old school yard of long ago. "Pretending" is a travesty on modern society ways both in the realm of married and unmarried life, culminating in an improvised automobile ride that is convulsing and unique.

"Hello, Peaches," introducing people of the underworld; "Polly Perkins in Paris," introducing famous musicians; "Tell Me, Pretty Maiden," introducing famous politicians, and the "Impromptu Impersonator," are also popular offerings. "The Pickaninny and the Grasshopper" in which Mr. Weeks demonstrates himself to be a whole opera company including the soloists, comedian, tragedian, ballet and chorus, as well as his famous medley, "Thirty Songs" are among the special features of the programme. This should indeed be an evening of the greatest fun and laughter and no doubt the house will be packed as usual to hear Mr. Weeks and his associates.

THEATRICAL

In "The Trail of the Lonesome Pine" Eleanor Montell, who plays the part of June, preaches that "Love is the corner stone of existence. We go on," she says, "in our wild chase after happiness. We grasp at every straw. We fly hither and yon, from one thing to another, until finally everything falls from us like a garment, and we find that happiness comes from within, and it is only another name for love.

"Love is such a poor, abused word, isn't it? So many strange emotions are called love. So many crimes are committed in the name of love.

"But the love I mean is a big, deep, spiritual love, which lifts one up and out of all the meanness of life, and lets one see the light and live on the mountain tops. If one can fill one's heart with such love, I believe one can endure anything.

"I would not play a part that didn't make for an uplift, for wholesome help fulness." The attraction comes to the Academy Thursday Matinee and night.

Big Bijou Bill.

Having just read a list of the releases booked for the Bijou during the next three weeks, the writer is prepared to say that this period will prove to be the biggest era of value giving that has ever been seen in a Wilmington photoplay house, or any other playhouse for that matter. Some of the biggest screen efforts of the year have just materialized and are being booked by the Bijou exclusively in Wilmington.

The opening week will get a grand send-off today, with one of the biggest pictures of the week topping the mammoth bill. It is "Monsieur Bluebeard," and it is the third drama in the great serial story revolving around the life of Francois Villon, vagabond, poet and friend of Louis Fifteenth. It's a medieval rmantic-historical drama with the scenes laid in the Fifteenth century, and is a story and a picture that will hold the undivided attention from the very beginning.

Seen in the leading role is that famous emotional dramatic star, Murdock MacQuarrie, with Jefferson Osborne and Harry Crane, and the leading female part is taken by Agnes Vernon, a strong Bijou favorite. It is in two full reels.

"Our Mutual Girl" comes forward next with the 33rd reel of her exciting adventures, and this number is by far more interesting than any yet. Mr. Cobb is putting together some highly dramatic incidents, which go to make this serial among the best.

Then there's a rousing big comedy feature, a Joker, "Across the Court, featuring that peerless pair, Max Asher and Louise Fazenda. And the admission remains at the still small figure.

At The Victoria Today.

Take a sure tip and be "among those present" at the handsome Victoria Theatre today, either afternoon or night, because this up-to-date Keith show-house is going to open up today quite the swellest week of vaudeville the folks of this city have ever had the pleasure of beholding. Both bills for this week, the first and last halves, are simply great, while Manager Peiffer hints that he has some novel surprises up his sleeve to let down this week. Today's show may well be termed an all-star affair. It is headed by a most elaborate and brilliant Oriental act, the Fmed Lum Company, that is appearing in a startling, weired and mystifying spectacle of magic. This Japanese troupe is different from any ever in this country before and has a ton of scenery and effects with which to stage its swell act. Following this headliner is another star feature, offered by Fox and Ward, who are widely known as minstrels; in fact, are known as the record team in vaudeville. They will dish-up laughs in abundance. Then there will be Hilton and Roverts, a comet sketch team from the "big time" houses and who will be seen in a Rube act that is a hummer. It is true-to-life Rube sketch, with wholesome chuckles for every one. Ernie Forrest, one of the noted musical artists of the vaudeville world, is also a star who will shine brilliantly on the new offering, his xylophone and banjo playing being of star brand indeed. New pictures —two big reels—and some of the swellest of selections by the orchestra add to the charm of the new show.

Superb Show at Grand Today.

With another great Paramount, the people's favorite, due to their magnificence and being so brilliantly different from all other pictures, the Grand will today opens what it considers is going to be its banner week. Not only will the week be crowded with Paramounts, but midweek will roll around the fifth episode of "The Million Dollar Mystery," and there will also be other big film sensations. So amusement-lovers can sharpen up their appetites for a big feast in "movies" at their favorite amusement resort—the Grand. Today's great film triumph is a Bosworth, presenting the well known romatic actor, Hobart Bosworth, in the giant 5-reeler, "The Pursuit of the Phantom." It is a great story this film unfolds, as folks familiar with theatricals and the popular novels of the day well know. The Paramount concern has given the moving picture version a production on a magnificent scale and Hobart Bosworth has been surounded by a company of Metropolitan stars. So whatever you miss today dont miss the big show at the Grand and the prices are the tiniest ever charged for the big film, 10 cents for adults, but only 5 cents for children. The performance will commence at 11 o'clock this morning and continue until 11 o'clock tonight.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Mr. G. R. Dobie, of Warsaw, was a guest at the Imperial last night.

—M. Nathan O'Berry, of Goldsboro, was registered at the Orton last night.

—Mr. E. H. Riley, of Wallace, was a guest at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday.

—Lieut. H. W. Stovall, of Fort Caswell, was registered at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday.

—Mr. L. L. Brown, of Whiteville, was a visitor in the city yesterday, a guest at the Hotel Wilmington.

—Mr. C. J. Humphrey, of the United States Department of Agriculture, was a guest at the Orton last night.

MODERN SANITARY BAKING PLANT IN WILMINGTON

Globe Baking Company's New Home Splendidly Equipped.

A visit to the new home of the Globe Baking Company, No. 807 North Fourth street, this city, is well worth while for here is located one of the most modern sanitary baking plans to be found anywhere. The new home of this concern which was built at an approximate cost of $60,000 was put into operation this week and for two days the proprieors kept "open house". A conservative estimate of the number of people who inspected the plant is 7,000.

The second floor of the new building is used for storing the large quantities of flour used in baking bread and cakes. Here are also located the sifting and mixing apparatus. The striking feature of the entire apparatus is that after the flour is placed in the sifting apparatus, where it is sifted twice, it is not touched by human hands but once and this is only when the completed rolls of dough are placed i nthe pans to be baked. Everything is done by machinery even to mixing the flour and water and wrapping and sealing the loaves after they are baked.

A unique part of the arrangement is the "proofing" machine, which is something entirely new, the machine in operation at this plant being the seventh one to be turned by the manufacturers. There are five large ovens in the plant and they are fired from the rear so that there is not even a possibility of coal dust geting into the baking department.

On the second floor are bath rooms and every member of the working force is required to take a bath and put on clean clothes before going to work. Nothing has been spared in the way of expense to guarantee that the plant shall be absolutely sanitary in every way.

The plant has a capacity of 20,000 loaves a day. Mr. J. E. Boylan is the manager.

CASE AGAIN POSTPONED

In Which Local Tug Boat Owners Claim Damage for Aiding.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Newbern, N. C., Nov. 1.—The hearing in the case of the Merchants and Miners Transportation Company against the owners of the British steamer, Alcazar, which went ashore near Beaufort a few years ago, has again been continued by Judge H. G. Connor, The plaintiff company is asking for $80,000 for assistance which was rendered by their ship, Dorchester. The owners of the tug Columbia, who reside at Wilmington are also asking for $25,000 for the assistance which they claim to have rendered. Rpesenting the latter is J. O. Carr of Wilmington.

Solicitor Charles L. Abernethy, of this city is appearing for the owners of the Alcazar and he claims that instead of aiding the vessel that the members of the crews of the Dorchester and the Columbia, looted the ship and that the actual aiding was done by the crew of the revenue cutter Seminole which went to her assistance from Wilmington. Solicitor Abernethy had a large number of the members of the Cape Lookout Life Saving crew in the city to uphold his side of the contention. The case will doubtless be concluded at Wilmington some time in the near future.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Edmund McRae, colored, will be arraigned before the Recorder this morning on a charge of slapping a negro woman in Sampson's alley last night. He was arrested by Policemen J. O. Bullard and W. R. Applebury.

TO CONDUCT FREE CLINIC

Generous Offer of Local Osteopaths to Treat Indigent Poor

For the purpose of relieving the sufferings of the indigent poor of the city, Dr. M. J. Carson and Dr. L. C. Allen, well known osteopaths, of Wilmington, have opened a free clinic room in the Southern building and each of these doctors will devote an hour a day and more if necessary to treating those who are ill and are unable to pay for it. It is planned to open the clinic on or about November 1st.

Dr. Carson, whose offices are in the Southern building, will furnish the services of a nurse for two hours each day and will use the expensive apparatus in his office whenever necessary. The clinic will be entirely separate from the offices of Dr. Carson in the same building.

Following is a copy of a petition which has been sent out by Dr. Carson:

"For the purpose of maintaining an osteopathic clinic, to be conducted by Drs. Carson and Allen, with the cooperation of the various churches, Salvation Army, District Nurse and civic organizations of this city that care to participate, I agree to pay the amount opposite my name.

"This clinic is to be maintained independently of either of the above offices and will be given over to the treatment of those unable to receive the benefits of osteopathic treatment otherwise. Any white patient of this city recommended for treatment by any of the churches or organizations referred to will be given treatment free, including all necessary surgical dressings, antiseptics or other appliances, so far as is consistent with the amount of money on hand.

"The patient will receive as careful an examination, including laboratory examinations, as any patient in the private practice of either of these physicians. It is understood that Drs. Carson and Allen will give at least one hour daily, each, except Sunday, to this work and as much more time as they feel justified.

"It will cost considerbale to fit out and maintain this office for the proper treatment of worthy cases. Antiseptics, microscopical reagents, chemicals for analysis, bandages and furniture will have to be provided. One of the physicians will furnish the microscope, analysis case, perculator, instruments etc., saving this expense. If a sufficient amount is donated the office will be established as soon as possible, after November 1st. This is a worthy cause, helping those that need it most and deserves your liberal support."

PICTURESQUE WINDOW DISPLAY

Work of Red Cross Portrayed in Show Window at Polvogt's

A picturesque window display showing in a striking manner the work of the Red Cross nurses on the battle field is to be seen at Polvogt's on North Front street. An army tent of regulation size has been placed in the window in the same position that it would be in actual service and beside it stands a life size wax figure representing a Red Cross nurse, dressed in her uniform. Within is a cot on which rests a wax figure representing a wounded army officer. On a camp stool on the outside are his sword and helmet. There are also the flags of the different nations.

A plate offering will be taken all this week and half of the proceeds will go to the German American Aid Society and half to the American Red Cross to be used for the relief of the suffering in the European countries now at war. The display has attracted much attention, and will no doubt be the means of securing a large offering for the noble work of relief to the distressed.

MRS. MARTHA PINNER DEAD

End Came at Her Home on South Sixth Street Yesterday Afternoon

Friends will hear with regret of the death of Mrs. Martha Pinner, which occured yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock at her home, No. 307 South Sixth street, at the advanced age of 76 years.

Mrs. Pinner is survived by two sisters Mrs. Hannah A. Williams, of Whiteville; and Mrs. Mary Bornemann, of this city, also by two daughters, Mrs. D. R. Elvington and Mrs. Lizzie McCulloch, of Wilmington, and a son, Capt. J. W. Pinner, of Mc Clenansville, S. C., They all have the sympathy of friends in the bereavement which has come to them.

The funeral will be conducted from the residence this afternoon at 3:30 o'clock. Interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

New Shirt-Waist, Skirts, Coats, and Coat Suits

A. Brown

The Store That Sells WOOLTEX

5¢

"Monsieur Bluebeard"

Special Feature Two Reel "101 Bison," Mediaeval Drama—Thrilling. Murdock MacQuarrie and Agnes Vernon Leading.

"OUR MUTUAL GIRL."

Thirty-Third Chapter, Writtern by Irvin S. Cobb.

"ACROSS THE COURT."

Joker Comedy, With Max Asher and Louise Fazenda.

BIJOU

VICTORIA

MON., TUES. AND WEDS.

SPECIAL FEATURE
KUMA JAPS
Direct from Tokio
MAGIC MYSTERY
Carrying Their Own Scenery

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THE coming of Winter has no terrors for the man fortified with an overcoat such as we have here. Smart, comfortable, warm coats of high grade materials in good assortment; they fit naturally, drape becomingly and give that **individuality** which characterizes

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Don't forget your Stove repairs —it's going to be cold soon. We sell almost anything you want.

Engines, Crockery, Boats, Tinware, Aluminum, Tools, Heaters, Ranges, Wooden Ware, Tents.

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The play you have been waiting for and the play the country's talking about

THE TRAIL OF THE LONESOME PINE By EUGENE WALTER

From the popular book of the same title by John Fox, Jr.

SEAT SALE OPENS TUESDAY, NOV. 3.

PRICES—MAT., 25, 50, 75, $1.00. NIGHT, 25, 50, 75, $1.00, and $1.50.

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and you'll be glad to hurry, if your teeth have been paining you. They may need attention, if they don't hurt just now, so you'd better have us examine them. You can't find a better place.

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Crown and bridge work a specialty. Painless extraction of teeth.

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'PHONE 608. FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

The Million Dollar Mystery

By HAROLD MAC GRATH

Illustrated from Scenes in the Photo Drama of the Same Name by the Thanhouser Film Company

(Copyright, 1914, by Harold MacGrath)

CHAPTER V.

The Problem of the Sealed Box.

"Gone!"

Jones kept saying to himself that he must strive to be calm, to think, think. Despite all his warnings, the warnings of Norton, she had tricked them and run away. It was maddening. He wanted to rave, tear his hair, break things. He tramped the hall. It would be wasting time to send for the police. They would only putter about fruitlessly. The Black Hundred knew how to arrange these abductions.

How had they succeeded in doing it? No one had entered the house that day without his being present. There had been no telephone call he had not heard the gist of, nor any letters he had not first glanced over. How had they done it? Suddenly into his mind flashed the remembrance of the candlelight under Florence's door the night before. In a dozen bounds he was in her room, searching drawers, paper boxes, baskets. He found nothing. He returned in despair to Susan, who, during all this turmoil, had sat as if frozen in her chair.

"Speak!" he cried. "For God's sake, say something, think something! Those devils are likely to torture her, hurt her!" He leaned against the wall, his head on his arm.

When he turned again he was calm. He walked with bent head toward the door, opened it and stood upon the threshold for a space. Across the street a shadow stirred, but Jones did not see it. His gaze was attracted by something which shone dimly white on the walk just beyond the steps. He ran to it. A crumpled letter, unaddressed. He carried it back to the house, smoothed it out and read its contents. Florence in her haste had dropped the letter.

He clutched at his hat, put it on and ran to Susan.

"Here!" he cried, holding out an automatic. "If anyone comes in that you don't know, shoot! Don't ask questions, shoot!"

"I'm afraid!" She breathed with difficulty.

"Afraid?" he roared at her. He put the weapon in her hand. It slipped and thudded to the floor. He stooped for it and slammed it into her lap. "You love your life and honor. You'll know how to shoot when the time comes. Now, attend to me. If I'm not back here by ten o'clock, turn this note over to the police. If you can't do that, then God help us all!" And with that he ran from the house.

Susan eyed the revolver with growing terror. For what had she left the peace and quiet of Miss Farlow's; assassination, robbery, thieves and kidnapers? She wanted to shriek, but her throat was as dry as paper. Gingerly she touched the pistol. The cold steel sent a thrill of fear over her. He hadn't told her how to shoot it!

Two blocks down the street, up an alley, was the garage wherein Hargreave had been wont to keep his car. Toward this Jones ran with the speed of a track athlete. There might be half a dozen taxicabs about, but he would not run the risk of engaging any one of them. The Black Hundred was capable of anticipating his every movement.

The shadow across the street stood undecided. At length he concluded to give Jones ten minutes in which to return. If he did not return within that time, the watcher would go up to the drug store and telephone for instructions.

But Jones did not come back.

"Where's Howard?" he demanded.

"Hello, Jones; what's up?"

"Howard, get that car out at once."

"Out she comes. Wait till I give her radiator a bucket of water. Gee!" whispered Howard, whom Hargreave often used as his chauffeur, "get on to his nibs! First time I ever saw him awake. I wonder what's doing? You never know what's back of those mummy-faced headwaiters. . . . All right, Jones!"

The chauffeur jumped into the car and Jones took the seat beside him.

"Where to?"

"Number 78 . . ." and the rest of it trailed away, smothered in the violent thunder of the big six's engines.

During the car's flight several policemen hailed it without success. Down this street, up that, round this corner, 50 miles an hour; and all the while Jones shouted: "Faster, faster!"

Within twelve minutes from the time it left the garage, the car stopped opposite No. 78 Grove street, and Jones got out.

"Wait here, Howard. If several men come rushing out, or I don't appear within ten minutes, fire your gun a couple of times for the police. I don't want them if we can manage without. They'd only bungle."

"All right, Mr. Jones," said the chauffeur. He had, in the past quarter of an hour, acquired a deep and lasting respect for the butler chap. He was a regular fellow, for all his brass buttons.

As Jones reached the curb, Florence came forth as if on invisible wings. Jones caught her by the arm. She hung him aside with a strength he had not dreamed existed in her slim body.

"Florence, I am Jones!"

She stopped, recognized him, and without a word ran across the street to the automobile and climbed into the tonneau. Jones followed immediately.

"Home!"

The car shot up the dimly lighted street, shone palely for a second under the corner lamp, and vanished.

"Ah, child, child!" groaned the man at her side, all the tenseness gone from his body. He was Jones again.

Still she did not speak but stared ahead with unseeing eyes.

No further reproach fell from the butler's lips. It was enough that God had guided him to her at the appointed moment. He felt assured that never again would she be drawn into any trap. Poor child! What had they said to her, done to her? How, in God's name, had she escaped from them who never let anybody escape? Presently she would become normal, and then she would tell him.

"I found the lying note. You dropped it."

"Horrible, horrible!" she said almost inaudibly.

"What did they do to you?"

"He said he was my father. . . . He put his arms around me. . . . And I knew!"

"Knew what?"

"That he lied. I can't explain."

"Don't try!"

Suddenly she laid her head against the butler's shoulder and cried. It was terrible to hear youth weep in this fashion. Jones put his arm about her, and tried to console her.

"Horrible!" she murmured between the violent hiccoughs. "I was wrong, wrong! Forgive me!"

Unconsciously the arm sustaining her drew her closer.

"Never mind," he consoled. "Tell no one what has happened. Go about as usual. Don't let even Susan know. Whatever your poor father did was for your sake. He wanted you to be happy, without a care in the world."

"I promise." And gradually the sobs ceased. "But I feel so old, Jones, so very old. I threw over the lamp. I threw a chair through the window. They thought that it was I who had jumped out. That gave me the necessary time. I don't understand how I did it. I wasn't frightened at all till I gained the street."

They found Susan still seated in the chair, the automatic in her lap. She had not moved in all this time!

* * * * * * *

Braine paced the apartment of the Princess Perigoff. From the living room to the boudoir and back, fully twenty times. From the divan Olga watched him nervously. He was like a tiger, fresh in captivity. All at once he paused in front of her.

"Do you realize what that mere chit did?"

"I do."

"Planned to the minute. We had her; seven of us; doors locked, and all that. No weeping, no wailing; I could not understand then, but I do now. It's in the blood. Hargreave was as peaceful as a St. Bernard dog, till you cornered him, and then he was a lion, O, the devil! Slipped out of our fingers like an eel. And across the street, Jones in a racer! I never paid any particular attention to Jones, but from now on I shall. The girl may or may not know where the money is, but Jones does, Jones does! Two men shall watch. Felton on the street and Orloff from the windows of the deserted house. With opera glasses he will be able to take note of all that happens in the house during the day. He will be able to see the girl's room. And that's the important point. It was a good plan, little woman; and it would have been plain sailing if only we had remembered that the girl was Hargreave's daughter. Be very careful hereafter when you call on her. A night like this will have made her suspicious of every one. Our hope lies with you. Anything on your mind?"

"Yes. Why not insert a personal in the Herald?" She drew some writing paper toward her and scribbled a few words.

He read: "Florence—the hiding place is discovered. Remove it to a more secret spot at once. S. H."—He laughed and shook his head. "I'm afraid that will never do."

"If she reads it, Jones will. The man with the opera glasses may see something. There's a chance Jones might become worried."

"Well, we'll give it a chance."

It was midnight when he made his departure. As he stepped into the street, he glanced about cautiously. On the corner he saw a policeman swinging his night stick. Otherwise the street was deserted. Braine proceeded jauntily down the street.

And yet, from the darkened doors of the house across the way, the figure of a man emerged and stood contemplating the windows of the Perigoff apartment. Suddenly the lights went out. The watcher made no effort to follow Braine. The knowledge he was after did not necessitate any such procedure.

Of course, Florence read the "personal." She took the newspaper at once to Jones, who smiled grimly.

"You see, I trust you."

"And so long as you continue to trust me no harm will befall you. You were left in my care by your father. I am to guard you at the expense of my life. Last night's affair was a miracle. The next time you will not find it so easy to escape."

Nor did she.

"There will be no next time," gravely. "But I am going to ask you a direct question. Is my father alive?"

The butler's brow puckered. "I have promised to say nothing, one way or the other."

She laughed.

"Why do you laugh?"

"I laugh because if he were dead there would be no earthly reason for your not saying so at once. But I hate money, the name of it, the sound of it, the sight of it. It is at the bottom of all wars and crimes. I despise it!"

"The root of all evil. Yet it performs many noble deeds. But never mind the money. Let us give our attention to this personal. Doubtless it originated in the same mind which conceived the letter. Your father would never have inserted such a personal. What! Give his enemies a chance to learn his secret? No. On the other hand I want you to show this personal to all you meet today, Susan, the reporter, to everybody. Talk about it. Say that you wonder what you shall do. Trust no one with your real thoughts."

"Not even you, Mr. Jones," thought the girl as she nodded.

"And tell them that you showed it to me and that I appeared worried."

That night there was a meeting of the organization called the Black Hundred. Braine asked if anyone knew what the Hargreave butler looked like.

"I had a glimpse of him the other night; but being unprepared, I might not recognize him again."

Vroon described Jones minutely. Braine could almost see the portrait.

"Vroon, that memory of yours is worth a lot of money," was his only comment.

"I hope it will be worth more soon."

"I believe I'll be able to recognize Mr. Jones if I see him. Who is he and what is he?"

"He has been with Hargreave for 14 years. There was a homicidal case in which Jones was active. Hargreave saved him. He is faithful and uncommunicative. Money will not touch him. If he does know where that million is, hot irons could not make him own up to it. The only way is to watch him, follow him, wait for the moment when he'll grow careless. No man is always on his mettle; he lets up sooner or later."

"He is being watched, as you know."

Vroon nodded approvingly. "The captain of the tramp steamer Orient, by the way, was seen with a roll of money. He was in one of the water front saloons, bragging how he had hoodwinked some one."

"Did he say where he'd got the cash?" asked Braine.

"They tried to pump him on that, but he shut up. Well, we have agreed that Felton shall watch from the street and Orloff from the window. Orloff will whistle if he sees Jones removing anything from any of the rooms. The rest will be left to Felton."

"And, Felton, my friend," said Braine softly—he always spoke softly when he was in a deadly humor—"Felton, you slept on duty the other night. Hargreave stole up, consulted Jones, and got away after knocking me down. The next failure will mean short shift. Be warned!"

"I saw only you, sir. So help me. I was not asleep. I saw you run down the street after the taxicab. I did not see anyone else."

Braine shrugged. "Remember what I said."

Felton bowed respectfully and made his exit. He wished in his soul that he might some day catch the master mind free of his eternal mask. It was an iron hand which ruled them and there were friends of his (Felton's) who had mysteriously vanished after a brief period of rebellion. The boss was a swell; probably belonged to clubs and society which he adroitly pilfered. The organization always had money. Whenever there was a desperate job to be undertaken, Vroon simply poured out the money necessary to promote it. Whenever Braine and Vroon became engaged in earnest conversation they talked Slav. Braine was never called by name here; the boss, simply that.

Well, ten per cent of a million was a hundred thousand. This would be equally divided between the second ten of the Black Hundred. Another ten per cent would go to 80 members; the balance would be divided between Vroon and the boss. But his soul rebelled at being ordered about like so much dirt under another man's feet. He would take his ten thousand and make the grand getaway.

The next afternoon the princess called upon Florence. Nothing was said about the adventure, and this fact created a vague unrest in the scheming woman's mind. She realized that she must play her cards more carefully than ever. Not the least distrust must be permitted to enter the child's head. Once that happened good-by to the wonderful emeralds. Was it that she really craved the stone? Was it not rather a venom acquired from the knowledge that this child's mother had won what she herself, with all her cleverness, was not sure of—Braine's love? Did he really care for her or was she only the catspaw to pluck his hot chestnuts from the fire?

When Florence showed her the "personal," her vague doubts become instantly dissipated. The child would not have shown her the newspaper had there been any distrust on her part.

"My child, your father is alive, then!" animatedly.

"We don't know," sadly.

"Why, I should say that this proves it."

"On the contrary, it proves nothing of the sort, since I have yet to discover a treasure in this house. I have

Florence Gray.

hunted in every nook, drawer; I've searched for panels, looked in trunks for false bottoms. Nothing, nothing! Ah, if I could only find it!"

"And what would you do with it?"

"Take it at once to some bank and offer the whole of it for the safe return of my father, every penny of it. I don't know what to do, which way to turn," tears gathering in her eyes and they were genuine tears, too. "There are millions in stocks and bonds and I cannot touch a penny of it because the legal documents have not been found. I can't even prove that I am his daughter, except for half an old bracelet, and my father's lawyers say that that would not hold in any court."

"You were born in St. Petersburg, my dear. Have the embassy there look up the birth registers."

"That would not put me into possession. Nothing but the return of my father will avail me. And there's a horrible thought always of my not being his real daughter."

"There's no doubt in my mind. I have only to recall Katrina's face to know whose child you are. But what will you live on?" Here was a far greater mixup than she had calculated upon. Supposing after all it was only a resemblance, that the child was not Hargreave's, a substitute just to blind the Black Hundred? To keep them away from the true daughter? Her mind grew bewildered over such possibilities. The single and only way to settle all doubts was to make this child a prisoner. If she was Hargreave's true daughter he would come out of his hiding.

She heard Florence answering her question: "There is a sum of ten or twelve thousand in the Riverdale bank, under the control of my father's butler. After that is gone, I don't know what will happen to us, Susan and me."

"The door of Miss Farlow's will always be open to you, Florence," replied Susan, with love in her eyes.

This interesting conversation was interrupted by the advent of Norton. He was always dropping in during the late afternoon hours. Florence liked him for two reasons. One was that Jones trusted him to a certain extent and the other was that . . . that she liked him. She finished this sentence in her heart defiantly.

Today he brought her a box of beautiful roses, and at the sight of them the princess smiled faintly. Set the wind in that quarter? She could have laughed. Here was her revenge against this meddler who took no particular notice of her while Florence was in the room. She would encourage him, poor grubbing newspaper writer, with his beggarly pittance! What chance had he of marrying this girl with millions within reach of her hand?

The peculiar thing about this was that Norton was entertaining the same thought at the same time: what earthly chance had he?

In the second story window of the house over the way there was a worried man. But when his glasses brought in range the true contents of the box he laughed sardonically.

"This watching is getting my goat. I smell a rat every time I see a shadow." He wiped the lenses of his opera glasses and proceeded to roll a cigarette.

When the princess and Norton went away Jones stole quietly up to Florence's room and threw up the curtain. Two round points of light flashed from the watcher's window, but the saturnine smile on Jones' lips was not observed. He went to the door, opened it cautiously, a hand to his ear. Then he closed the door, turned back the rug and removed a section of the flooring. Out of this cavity he raised a box. There was lettering on the lid; in fact, the name of its owner, Stanley Hargreave. Jones replaced the flooring, tucked the box under his arm and made his exit.

The man lounging in the shadow heard a faint whistle. It was the signal agreed upon. The man Felton ran across the street and boldly rang the bell. It was only then that Florence missed the ever present butler. She hesitated, then sent Susan to the door.

"I must see Mr. Jones upon vitally important business."

"He has gone out," said Susan, and very sensibly closed the door before Felton's foot succeeded in getting inside.

It was time to act. He ran around to the rear. The ladder convinced him that Jones had tricked him. He was wild with rage. He was over the wall in an instant. Away down the back street his eye discovered his man in full flight. He gave chase. As he came to the first corner he was nearly knocked over by a man coming the other way.

"Who are you bumping into?" growled Felton.

"Not so fast, Felton!"

"Who the devil are you?"

The stranger made a sign which Felton instantly recognized.

"Quick! What has happened?"

"Jones has the million and is making his getaway. See him hiking toward the water front?"

The two men began to run.

There followed a thrilling chase. Jones engaged a motorboat and it was speeding seaward when the two pursuers arrived. They were not laggard. There was another boat and they made for it.

"A hundred if you overtake that boat," said Felton's strange companion.

Felton eyed him thoughtfully. There was something familiar about that voice.

Great plumes of water shot up into the air. It did not prove a short race by any means. It took half an hour for the pursuer to overhaul the pursued.

"Is that Jones?"

"Yes." Felton fired his revolver into the air in hopes of terrifying Jones' engineer; but there was five hundred dangling before that individual's eyes.

"A Hundred If You Overtake That Boat."

"Let them get a little nearer," shouted the butler.

The engineer let down the speed a notch. The other boat crept up within twenty yards. Jones sought a perfect range. He would have to find this spot again.

"Surrender!" yelled Felton.

In reply Jones raised the precious box and deliberately dropped it into the sea. Then he turned his automatic upon his pursuers and succeeded in setting their boat afire.

All this within the space of an hour. During dinner that night (there was now a cook) Jones walked about the dining table, rubbing his hands together from time to time.

"Jones," said Florence, "why do you rub your hands like that?"

"Was I rubbing my hands, Miss Florence?" he asked innocently.

(Continued in next Monday's Star)

ARRESTED IN ARKANSAS

Officers Leave Greensboro for Little Rock to Get Man Wanted

(Special Star Telegram.)

Greensboro, N. C., Nov. 1.—Officers have gone to Little Rock, Ark., with a requisition for O. C. Kilingman, formerly Manager of the local branch of J. L. Case Company here, who is charged with the mis-appropriation of several thousand dollars of his Company's money. The warrant on which the requisition is granted is for embezzlement. Kilingman is well known here, and has a family.

If you are *not* reading the *classified ads.* in this paper begin *now.* Make it a *habit.* It'll *pay you* just when you *most* want it to.

The want ads. come very near to the people. They reflect the *intimate life* of all of us. They form a directory of our personal and business needs. Is this not so?

SENTIMENT MUCH BRIGHTER

Business Prospects Are Better Than Any Time Since European War Broke Out.

New York, Nov. 1.—Sentiment over the business prospect has been decisively brighter during the past week. Even in the steel trade a hopeful note was sounded.

Progress was made in working out the cotton problem, although some financial institutions in the West and other interior points show a lack of enthusasm for the plan. Great Britain's exemption of cotton from all contraband restrictions when shipped in neutral vessels, even to belligrent countries releases large export orders. This was a prime factor in the drop in foreign exchange rates to nearly normal. Confidence was unabated that the cotto npool would be operated and an early re-opening of cotton exchanges was expected. Re-establishment of an open market for cotton would insure renewal of buying by mills. Clearing up of contraband questions also helped export buying of copper. Urgent demand for foodstuffs from abroad continued and many domestic centers reported buying of war supplies on a large scale.

The nearly normal conditions in foreign exchange naturally reduces the menace of foreign liquadition of securities, but the time for resuming regular trading on the stock exchanges remains a matter of conjecture.

Notable exchange of money rates is resulting from the imminence of Federal Reserve Bank openings on November 16th with release of cash reserves estimated at over half a billion dollars. Marked improvement was shown in investment demand for short term securities. Local banks made further progress in their work of rehabilitation during the week with a material increase in excess cash reserves and further gain of cash.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Market Had a Decidedly Better Tone, During Past Seven Days.

New Orleans, Nov. 1.—The cotton market has a decidedly betteer tone this week, both spots and futures scoring material advances. Offerings of spots, however, were none too liberal. January closed at about 7.45 bid, and 7.50 asked. In the spot department, middling closed at 6⅞, a net gain of ⅝c. for the week. On the week-end, at the highest, January traded at 7.49.

Further improvement this week is expected by a large element in the market, owing to the continued betterment of general financial and commercial conditions.

Much depends upon the attitude of farmers from now on, since the bulk of the crop is fast being ginned, and in producers' hands in marketable shape. The measures taken to relieve financial conditions in the cotton belt, it is claimed by those who are bullishly inclined, are already having their effect and will have even more effect in the near future. On the other hand, there are other traders who believe that the present period of firmness will be followed by a period of easiness, owing to the pressure of one crop at the height of its movement.

MARINE.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Falls City (Br.), 2,917 tons, Eastwood, Heide & Co.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 2,289 tons, Holiasch, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger) 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Barges.

Standard Oil Barge No. 80, Standard Oil Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Calhoun E. Ross, 375 tons, Coulbourn, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

FOODSTUFFS AND FEEDS.

(Wholesale Price Quotations of Saturday by Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

Flour—Fancy Patent, $6.00 to $6.25 (car lots).

Corn—Domestic, $1.05; Imported, 93c.

Meal—96 lb. bag, $2.00 to $2.05.

Oats—Mixed, 60c; white, 65c. bu.

Hay—No. 1, Timothy, $24.00; No. 1, Mixed, $23.00 ton.

Middlings—$30 to $32.

D. S. Sides—From 13c. to 13½c.

Plates—From 11c. to 11½c.

Lard—From 8 to 8¼, according to quality.

Coffee—From 9 to 12c.

Rice—Broken, 3¾c. to 4c.; Japan, 4¾c to 5c. Fancy Hear, 5 1-4c. to 6c.

Sugar — Granulated basis, 6¼c.; lower grades, usual difference.

Molasses — Black strap, 15c; mixed, 28c; Fancy Porto Rico, 40c.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, Oct. 31.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 75c. per bu.

PEAS—Out of season.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7 to 8c.; very dull.

PORK—Small, 10@12 cents; large, no sale.

SHEEP—No sale. Lambs, $1.50 to $2.50 per head; very dull; no sale.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 12c.; dry flints, 17@19c. lb.; dull.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON—Hams, 22c.; good demand; sides and shoulders, 16c. per lb.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28@29c. per lb.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 45@50c.; spring, 15c@25c. per head; good demand.

EGGS—24@26c. per doz.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, N. C., October 31.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market weaker; sold stock, fancy hand-picked, 65c. per bu.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bu.

Virginias—New crop, Jumbo, 70c. per bu.; fancy hand-picked, 65c. per bu.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bu.

Spanish—New crop; Small Spanish, 70c. per bu.; Jumbo Spanish, 65c. per bu.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co.)

Petersburg, Va., Oct. 29. —Spanish—Market, quiet; no buyers.

Virginias — Farmers' stock, Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb. Farmers' stock Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½ to 3¾c. per lb. Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb. Machine Picked, 3 c. to 3½c. per lb.

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

November 2, 1914.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M. yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 51 degrees; at 8 P. M., 61 degrees; maximum, 73 degrees; minimum, 45 degrees; mean, 59 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month, to date, 4.84 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 1.6 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina — Fair Monday and Tuesday.

The Port Calendar, Nov. 2, 1914.

Sun rises .. ..6:33 A. M.
Sun sets .. ..5:19 P. M.
Day's length .. .. 10 hrs. 46 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water.		Low water.	
	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington . . .	9:25	9:37	4:17	4:51
Southport . . .	7:22	7:45	1:16	1:53
Masonboro Inl . .	7:11	7:34	12:56	1:33

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

October 31, 1914.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature Highest today.	Temperature Lowest last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
November 2, 1914.				
Abilene . .	clear	76	—	.0
Asheville . .	clear	66	34	.0
Atlanta. .	pt cldy	68	52	.0
Augusta . .	cldy	74	38	.0
Birmingh. .	clear	72	44	.0
Boston. . .	cldy	74	—	.0
Charleston pt.	cldy	74	54	.0
Chicago . .	clear	70	—	.0
Galveston .	clear	72	70	.0
Jacksonv .	clear	80	58	.0
Memphis . .	clear	72	—	.0
Mobile. . .	clear	74	52	.0
Montgom'y .	clear	74	44	.0
New Orl. .	clear	74	58	.0
New York pt	cldy	66	—	.0
Oklahoma .	clear	80	—	.0
Palestine .	clear	78	54	.0
Pittsburg pt	cldy	64	—	.0
Raleigh . .	pt cldy	72	46	.0
Savannah pt	cldy	76	54	.0
Shreveport .	clear	78	—	.0
St. Louis .	clear	74	—	.0
Washing'n .	clear	70	—	.0

Oysters! Oysters!!
Oysters! Oysters!!
ARE HERE—ALWAYS FIRST AT
EVERGLADE CAFE
—113 Princess Street—
RUN BY AMERICANS.
Extra help added to our force, guaranteeing quicker and better service. Special Menus for Breakfast, Dinner and Supper. Everything in Season.
Open Day and Night
SHEPARD BROS., Proprietors.
C. T. McLEITHAN, Manager.
'Phone 154.

A Bird in the Hand is Worth Two in the Bush

Put Them in Your Hand with
A FOX GUN
CAPE FEAR HARDWARE CO.

JUST LOOK
HANOVER
GINGER ALE
is bottled with
GREENFIELD SPRING MINERAL WATER.
Right at Home in Wilmington.
5c size, 45c per doz.
10c size, 90c per doz.
ALL DEALERS OR 'PHONE 466.

DEMOCRATIC LINE-UP WILL WIN SAYS BAILEY

Ten Amendments Will Probably be Adopted Also

Chairman of the Amendment Campaign Committee and Democratic State Chairman Warren Confident of the Outcome.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., Nov. 1.—State Chairman J. W. Bailey, of the Constitutional Amendments Campaign committee, returned this afternoon from his final speech-making tour on his dual mission of worker for both the Democratic State Ticket and the Constitutional Amendments. He says that while there are elements entering into the situation as to the amendments that make a forecast of the outcome difficult, he believes that all ten of them will be ratified at the polls Tuesday. He says he realizes that the tax amendment is in danger, but that he believees this will carry along with the rest, and that the activity of advocates of the amendments at the polls election day will tell most vitally on the final result.

Warren is Confident.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, Nov. 1.—Basing his opinion upon reliable information at hand, Democratic State Chairman Thomas D. Warren said today that the State ticket headed by Senator Lee S. Overman and Chairman E. L. Travis, of the corporation commission, will be elected by a large majority, all ten Congressmen on the Democratic ticket will be elected, and nineteen out of the twenty judicial districts will elect Democratic solicitors. He says Democrats will elect forty-five of the fifty State Senators and one hundred of the one hundred and twenty members of the lower house, and that in most all the counties the Democratic candidates will be elected, insuring economical and competent administration of county affairs. He says that, of course, much depends on the measure of work done by the county nad local organizations from now until the polls close Tuesday evening, but that there has been great activity the past ten days, giving assurances that Democracy is to win a splendid victory, according complete endorsement to the administrations of Woodrow Wilson and Locke Craig.

Split Up in Wake.

With the eve of the general election at hand and with the complete success of the Democracy of the State and the Nation assured, with probably increased majorities, interest and real concern hereabouts centers in the unique Wake county contest over the office of register of deeds, which has assumed such proportions as to seriously stir the party organization, and opens up a possibility that the next register of deeds may be a Republican.

After a sharp contest before the board of canvassers of the county Democratic legalized primary, W. H. Sawyer was declared the party nominee for register of deeds by three votes majority. Then Arch J. Wood, his primary opponent, first filed suit in court, then let that go by default and has made a separate canvass of the county, mostly through strong political friends, claiming to be the real Democratic nominee, and that he was cheated out of the nomination by certain poll holders and the canvassing board. Joint and bitter debate has occurred at numbers of the speaking rallies for the county candidates, all of whom, of course, give their support to Sawyer as the officially designated party candidate for register. It is conceded that at the polls the vote will be very close, most probably, between Wood and Sawyer, the latter being overwhelmingly strong in the Raleigh precincts nad in several of the country precincts, but Wood having a clear majority, probably, in the country.

At the same time there is the serious menace in the fact that normally the Republicans have 1,700 votes in the county and the Democrats 4,100, with possibly large numbers of the Democrats not voting through not caring to choose between Sawyer and Wood in the bitter fight, and with the actual vote closely divided between the two, it is easily figured that the Republican candidate for Register, Fred. N. Gattis, may slip in for this officee.

The Republicans have made no canvass of the county, but have maintained a strictly "gum shoe" campaign in which special appeals and tickets have been sent to every Republican and doubtful voter throughout the county, urging that they go to the polls and vote the Republican ticket, at the same time making adroit attacks on the county, State and National Democratic tickets.

BISHOP KILGO AT TRINITY

Former President Conducts College Chapel Exercises While Resting.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Trinity College, Durham, N. C., Oct31.—During this week Bishop John Carlisle Kilgo, for sixteen years president of the college, has been on the campus, being at home resting from his heavy episcopal duties, an dhas conducted the morning chapel exercises in Croven Memorial Hall several times. It seems natural to see the good man in his former place on the rostrum and to hear him admonish the student body. This morning the hishop talked informally on "Strength" and made a wonderful impression on the minds of the large number of students present. This was the first time many of the new students had had opportunity to hear him.

FUNERAL OF JAMES SOUTHGATE

Attended by Hundreds of Trinity College Students at Durham

(Special Star Correspondence)

Trinity College, Durham, Oct. 31.—Several hundred of the students of the college were present at the funeral services of Mr. James Southgate, father of the president of the board of trustees of this institution, and paid their respects to the memory of this splendid citizen of Durham. Members of the faculty of the college and others in the community where Mr. Southgate was known and loved were present. President Few acted as one of the honorary pallbearers.

REPUBLICANS CLAIMING THE EIGHTH AND TENTH

Headquarters at Greensboro Have a Busy Week

So Far as Known There, Republicans in First, Second and Fourth Have Not Nominated Candidates for Congress as Yet.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Greensboro, N. C., Oct. 31.—On the eve of the election, Republican headquarters predict reduced Democratic majorities in the State, and the election of at least two Republican Congressmen. The two Congressional candidates for whom victory is expected are Frank A. Linney, who is opposing Congressman Doughton in the Eighth, and J. J. Britt, who opposes Congressman Gudger in the Tenth. It is believed that the Republican voters generally in the State will favor the proposed amendments to the Constitution.

This has been a busy week in Republican headquarters. Getting tickets to a hundred counties, some of which have practically no Republican organization, is not a small task. This job has kept Secretary Grissom very busy. There have been several prominent Republicans in town this week to call at headquarters and discuss the situation. While headquarters has been busy since opened early in September, the Republicans have put up only a half-hearted sort of a fight.

So far as is known at headquarters, Republicans in the First, Second and Fourth districts have not nominated candidates for Congress, so Congressmen Small, Kitchin and Hood will probably be unopposed. This district, the Fifth, is said to be the only one in which the Progressives and Republicans have a candidate each. Major Stedman is opposed by John T. Benbow, of Winston-Salem, Republican, and Martin F. Douglas, of this city, progressive. The Republican candidates for Congress are by districts as follows, according to information at headquarters:

First—No nomination.
Second—No nomination.
Third—B. R. Crumpler, of Clinton.
Fourth—No nomination.
Fifth—John T. Benbow.
Sixth—R. W. Davis, of Southport.
Seventh—T. E. McCrary, of Lexington.
Eighth—F. A. Linney, of Boone.
Ninth—J. F. Newell, of Charlotte.
Tenth—J. J. Britt, of Asheville.

McCrary, Britt nad Linney are endorsed by the Progressives.

The State ticket of the party is as follows:

United States Senator—A. A. Whitener, Catawba county.
Corporation Commissioner — Greer Parsons, Ashe county.

Candidates for Judges of the Superior Court, by Districts:

First—C. R. Pugh, Pasquotank.
Second—Wheeler Martin, Martin.
Fifth—J. F. Duncan, Carteret.
Sixth—G. E. Butler, Sampson.
Eighth—I. B. Tucker, Columbus.
Ninth—R. S. White, Bladen.
Tenth—J. A. Giles, Durham.
Twelfth—N. O. Petree.
Fourteenth—J. E. Little, Mecklenburg.
Sixteenth—J. W. Whisnant, Caldwell.

Stedman's Majority Over 5,000.

That Major Charles M. Stedman will be re-elected to Congress from this district by a majority in excess of 5,000 is the opinion of both the Congressman and his campaign manager. Major Stedman has two opponents, both lawyers. The Republican is Hon. John T. Benbow, of Winston-Salem, and the Progressive is Martin F. Douglas, Esq., of this city. Mr. Benbow is an able lawyer and an attractive man personally. He is popular in the western part of the district. Mr. Douglas is scarcely more than a boy, a young man of splendid charatcer and attainments, who depends mostly upon the fact that he has excellent antecedents and is a follower of Roosevelt, for his strength. Of the 8,000 votes that will probably be cast against Major Stedman, Mr. Benbow will probably receive 6,000 to Mr. Douglas' 2,000.

BOGUS CHECK EXPERT IN NORTH CAROLIN

Kinston Bank Advised by Burns Detective Agency to be on Lookout.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., Nov. 1.—Officers in this section are on the lookout for H. O. Williams alias T. A. Turner, a bogus check man who is believed by the W. J. Burns Detective Agency to be operating in this territory. The First National Bank of this city has been advised by the Burns people that he "is liable to put in an appearance in any town of this section at any time." Williams is 23 years old, five feet eight inches tall, weighs 140 pounds, is fair complexion, has dark hair and eyes, is neat and well dressed and is inclined to talk good deal on first acquaintance. He usually claims that he represents the Louisiana Wholesale Provision Company and presents checks supposed to be drawn by that company in his favor on the City National Bany of Knoxville, Tenn. He has recently been in Greenville.

The Clef Club Symphony Orchestra, of which J. Tim. Brymn, a negro formerly of Kinston, is the conductor, will shortly begin a concert tour South from New York. The club is the headquarters for the most talented colored vocal and instrumental entertainers in the world, and much of the South's best negro talent has gone there. Brymn is the author of many of the song hits of recent years, and is the greatest composer and director his race has ever produced. Twenty years ago he was worthless member of Kinston' colored population and had to leave town under stress of the resentment of his own race at some of his misdeeds. The Clef Club orchestra is a mammoth aggregation of black musicians. Some of the colored admirers of Brymn, who was here recently for the first time since leaving at attend the funeral of his old father, will go to Norfolk to hear his orchestra perform some time in November.

Miss Sybil Hyatt, engaged in the work of organization, has secured more than the required number of names for a lodge of the Daughters of American Mechanics. The charter will be applied for in a few days and an instituting officers sent from the Greensboro lodge to install the officers. More than a score of prominent women are allied with Miss Hyatt in the patriotic movement. The lodge will be the sixth i nthis State.

WILSON TOBACCO MARKET IS INCREASING RAPIDLY

Nearly Fifteen Million Pounds Bought This Year—Farmers Hoard Money

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Nov. 1.—With the close of October the Wilson tobacco market has sold 14,867,780 pounds of leaf tobacco. President R. P. Watson, of the Wilson Tobacco Board of Trade is probably one of the best posted men in the town, and one of the conservative men in the matter of making estimates.

Mr. Watson stated to this correspondent that in his opinion not over 1,500,000 pounds of the tobacco sold prior to this time came from outside Wilson county, leaving the estimated product of Wilson county farms sold to Octobert 31, to be 13,367,780. Mr. Watson estimates that 60 per cent. of the crop in this county has been marketed. Some other tobacco men estimate higher, thinking the figures should be about 66 per cent. In the month of October the average price paid for the leaf on this market was slightly over 14 cents a pound, the farmers receiving $1,217,390.90 for the tobacco.

With the reports fro September it appears that the tobacco sold on this market this season has brought the farmers $1,853,860.69, almost two million dollars and at least $1,650,000 of this amount has been paid to Wilson county farmers. Business men are despondent and discouraged—the farmers, as a whole, have practically withdrawn this immense amount of money from circulation—a very small amount of it has been deposited in the banks and still less has been paid on indebtedness. Every line of business is as quiet as if the summer season were here, instead of the beginning of winter.

There has been no movement of cotton and a small quantity only has been brought to the storage warehouse erected after realization of the lack of a real market price for cotton. Ernest effort is being made to induce the farmers of the county to deposit their tobacco money and further to use it in the settlement of accounts.

The local tobacco men are happy—they expect to see the Wilson market handle at least 25,000,000 pounds the present season. They planned for it last year and extensive additions were made to warehouses in order to take care of the leaf.

RELIGIOUS SIDE OF WILSON

Increased Congregation in Churches Marked Beginning of November

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wilson, N. C., Nov. 1.—Increased congregations marked the beginning of the new month at all of the Wilson churches today. Dr. A. McLean, of Cincinnatti, the president of the Foreign Missionary Society of the Christian denomination was the preacher at the Christian Church. Dr. McLean was en-route to the State Convention of Christian Churches to be held in Greenville. His address on Foreign Missionary work was one of the most inspirational ever delivered in Wilson.

At the Presbyterian Church Rev. J. C. Shive gave an interesting report of the session of the Synod held the past week at Hickory.

Rev. Dr. M. Bradshaw at the Methodist Church preached a strong and helpful sermon. This is right at the close of the third year of Dr. Bradshaw and his congregation hope for his return when the conference meets at Washington.

At the Baptist Church, Rev. T. W. Chambliss, closing the second year of his pastorate, told of the marked increase running close to 100 per cent. The increase being due largely to the systematic plan adopted last winter.

All Saints Day was observed at St. Timothy's Episcopal Church with appropriate services.

AD-MONITIONS

The ad. that "gets a laugh" never gets anything else—least of all a filled-in coupon.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for Telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office. No. 51. Locals cannot be taken over the telephone — but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them.

ART STUDIO—TO BE OPENED NOvember 1st, in Cape Fear Apartment. Pupils instructed in drawing, water color, oil, and china painting. Miss Symmes, Phone 1083, Miss Atha Hicks, Phone 736-J. oc 28-no 1-2t*

OYSTER ROASTS SERVED DAY OR night. Nothing but extra size Myrtle Grove oysters used. Special attention given ladies. J. H. Johnson, Greenfield Park; 'Phone 1269-W. no1-1mo

WANTED — YOUNG MAN TO SELL on trains; $10 security required. Apply in person; The Union News Co., Union Station. no2-1t*

LOST, STRAYED OR STOLEN—POINTer puppy, four months old, brown spot in back, ears dove colored; answers to name "Joe." Reward for return to M. L. Starkey. no2-1t*

FOR RENT — NEW BUNGALOW, something nice; sleeping porch in dry, pine grove. Automatic water supply. Good neighbors. $18.00. Car stops at door. Winter Park station. See L. W. Moore, 123 Princess. no2-tf

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING Association will hold its annual stockholders' meeting Monday, November 2nd, 4 o'clock, at 114 Princess street. L. J. Carter, secretary. no1-3t

FOR RENT—SOUTHERN CAFE; BEST in the city. All furnished and ready for use. Call early, if you want to do business. Inquire Southern Hotel. no1-2t

REMEMBER THE GOOD THAT Building and Loan has done for you, and can do for you. Subscribe for shares in the new series of the Co-operative Building and Loan series, which opens at Wright's Real Estate Agency next Saturday. Series limited; speak for shares now. Ask for free booklet, explaining B. and L. no1-2t

HOLLY FOR SALE IN CARLOAD LOTS —first class goods, well berried. Make me an offer for one or more carloads f.o.b. cars on W. L. Co. R. R. five miles south of Whiteville, N. C. (through bills lading). Angus Bain, Vineland, N. C. no1-3t*

WANTED — STUDENTS TO LEARN cotton grading. Big demand. We also teach telegraphy and guarantee positions. Write Charlotte Cotton and Telegraphy Schools, Charlotte, N. C. no1-6t*

WANTED—A LADY OF BRIGHT DISposition as companion for a lady in poor health; give references. Address P. O. Box 137. no1-tf

EXTRA FANCY NATIVE BEEF, FINE dressed chickens, very best of native country pig pork, sausages, nice lamb, veal, etc. Fancy celery and lettuce. Brookfield Farm sausage, one pound boxes. See us today. Very best supply in city. Palace Market, 108 South Front street; 'Phone 72. oc31-tf

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN THE barber trade. Be independent. Few weeks completes. Positions waiting. Our graduates qualified for best jobs. Wages while learning. Tools given. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. oc31-6t*

FOR SALE — BRUSH AUTOMOBILE, cheap for cash. C. C. Hopkins, 20 Market st. oc30-6t

FOR SATURDAY, WE HAVE ALL kinds of Delicatessen, chicken and lobster salad. Best creamery butter in blocks, 35c. lb., and a good many specials we are offering while they last at May Bros.' Delicatessen, 130 Market st. 'Phone 1322. oc30-4t

SAUERKRAUT AND FRANKFORT sausage fresh and new. Corner Seventh and Chesnut, C. R. Pape, Phone 1038. oc 28-7t

FOR SALE — R. C. H. AUTOMOBILE, in A-1 condition. Run less than four thousand miles. Will sell cheap for cash. W. C. Martin, Chadbourn, N. C. oc31-4t*

FOR SALE CHEAP — LARGE PLATform scale, in good condition. Can be seen our warehouse on Nutt and Brunswick streets. The Corbett Co. oc30-4t

BILL OF FARE—PURE PORK SAUsage, hog's head cheese, liver pudding. The above products manufactured by the Acme Packing and Mfg. Company; new factory building and new machinery—strictly sanitary. Call for Brock's pure pork sausage delivered anywhere in the city. Telephone 1105, 522 South Fifth street, J. O. Brock, Manager. oc 28-7t*

We KEEP ALL THE LATEST MAGazines and newspapers in stock. Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Brothers, 17 Princess street. oct. 27-tf

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms in private family, for gentlemen only. 'Phone 528-J. oc26-tf

FOR RENT—DESIRABLE RESIDENCE with all conveniences, on car line; centrally located and next door to market. Apply at 819 Market street. oc26-1t

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING ASsociation, 114 Princess street; opens its seventh series of stock Saturday, November 7th. Subscribe for stock today and let us help you own a home. Clayton Giles, Sr., President; L. J. Carter, Secretary. oc17-22t

FOR RENT — SUNSET PARK — NEW 10 room house. Block from car line. Every city convenience. Apply Fidelity, 14 Princess street; 'Phone 312. se16-tf

FOR SALE—A PAIR OF GOOD draught horses, first class condition, also two heavy wagons and harness. Will take in exchange real estate. U. A. Underwood. au25-tf

WHO NEEDS ARTISTIC HELP? ANY kind of designs for embroideries, printing purposes, patents, etc. P. O. Box 1056, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 1997-W. oc6-1m*

TRY MOORE AND ALDERMAN, wholesale fruit and produce dealers. Apples, cabbage, potatoes, onions, oranges, sts. No. 4 Pincess street, Phone 183. oc4-tf

UNREDEEMED SHOT-GUNS, SUCH makes as Remington, L. C. Smith, Parker Bros., Ithaca, A. H. Fox, at a big bargain. You will find at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front street; 'Phone 642. oc10-tf

NOTICE—HAVE YOUR TIRES REpaired at the Auto Repair Co., No. 211 North 3nd street. Full stock of tires and supplies always on hand. jy29-tf

IMPERIAL HOTEL, FORMERLY HOtel Clarendon, under new management, with Miss Anna J. Herring, proprietress, and P. C. White, Jr., Manager. This hotel has been thoroughly renovated, and will be run on both American and European Plan. Rates reasonable; also weekly and monthly rates. Corner Front and Grace sts. oc20-tf

MR. PROSPECTIVE BUILDER — NOW is the time to get cheap and thoroughly worked out plans for any kind of building contemplated. Best references. P. O. Box 1056, Wilmington, N. C. Telephone 1997-W. oc4-1mo*

MONEY TALKS—WE CAN SHOW YOU how to make it work. Ask our drivers, or call. 'Phone 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry, 202 South Front st. oc30,no1-2t

BE NEUTRAL AS TO THE EUROPEAN war, but it is to your interest to side with us on the laundry question. 'Phone 29, and we will show you. Wilmington Steam Laundry, 202 South Front st. oc30,no1-2t

RENT IS VERY REASONABLE IN THE splendid Carolina apartment house, at Market and Fifth streets. It includes heat, artesian water, double elevator service—the maximum of comfort at reasonable cost is another of the comforts. Prices of apartments from $15 per month upwards. Apply to J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate Agents. no1-3t

STOCKS AND BONDS MAY BECOME worthless, but show me a man that has ever lost a penny in a Building and Loan Association. The Rural Building & Loan Association is progressive, yet conservative and safe. New Series Saturday, November 7th, 1914. R. C. DeRosset, President; James Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treasurer. no1-6t

DON'T FORGET TO TAKE THAT Stock in the Rural Building & Loan next Saturday, November 7th. James Owen Reilly, Secretary and Treasurer. no1-7t

COTTON STORAGE

Little Space Left For Cotton Storage

Cooper Compress & Warehouse Co.

Sale of O. H. Matter

The SOUTHERN EXPRESS COMPANY will sell at Public Auction, for Cash, to the highest bidder, on November 14, 1914, unclaimed matter which has been on hand six months or more.

Sale conducted by F. W. PEIFFER, at No. 117 North Front Street, next to Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C.

W. BUCKNER, Superintendent. J. W. SMITH, Agent.

RECEIVER'S SALE.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County. In the Superior Court, September Term, 1914.

Murchison National Bank vs. Independent Mfg. Co., et als.

By virtue and in pursuance of a decree of the Superior Court of New Hanover County, made and entered at the September Term, A. D. 1914, in a cause therein pending, wherein Murchison National Bank is plaintiff and Independent Mfg. Co., D. McEachern, H. L. Vollers, N. H. Carter, W. H. Shearin, E. A. Hawes and Sam'l Blossom are defendants, the undersigned receiver duly appointed in said cause, will expose for sale by public auction for cash to the highest bidder, at the Court House door of the County of New Hanover, in the city of Wilmington, on Monday, the 16th day of November, A. D. 1914, at 12 o'clock M., all of the property, assets, and effects of the defendant Independent Mfg. Co., except the choses in action and accounts due said company and money on hand; also excepting all logs and manufactured products which may be on hand, among which said property is the following described real estate and personal property which may be seen and inspected at the plant of the company near Castle Haynes, to wit:

Beginning at a point in the western line of the right of way of the Wilmington and Weldon Railroad Company's branch of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company near where the railroad track crosses the North East branch of the Cape Fear river, where said line of said right of way of said railroad intersects with the high water mark of said Cape Fear River, and runs thence in a southwardly direction with the said western line of the right of way of said railroad Two Hundred and Ninety-five (295) feet to a stake in said line; thence at right angles with said right of way of said railroad and in a westwardly direction to the run of a drain or branch below the mill, thence in a northwardly direction following the meanders of said branch to its mouth; thence in an eastwardly direction following the meanders of the said North East branch of the Cape Fear River, to the Beginning, containing 18 acres more or less; and also the saw mill now on said land and all the machinery, boilers, engines, dry kilns, pipes and all other appurtenances connected with said business.

The above described property includes 1 Thirty H. P., Russell & Co., Engine; 1 Thirty-five H. P., upright Boiler; 1 One Hundred H. P., Eby City Boiler; 1 Fifty H. P. Eby City Engine; 1 Nance Saw with Curtis carriage; 2 Perkins Hand Feed Shingle Machines; 1 Fifty-two Titus Veneering Machine with back rolls for crate Beery Caps Basket Staves, Hoops with forms for manufacturing; 1 Titus Concave Heading Machine; 1 Titus Automatic Knife Grinder; 1 No. 17 Hoyt Bros. Co., Planer; 1 Gummer; 1 J. A. Fay & Egan Rip Saw Machine; 1 J. A. Fay & & Egan 8 foot Automatic Saw mill; 2 Jones & Co., Bottom Machines; 1 Log Haul; 1 4x6 Worthington Steam Pump; 1 Thirty-six foot Dry Kiln; 1 Box Trimmer line and counter shafting Pullers belting and conveyers; 4 Three Room Houses; 2 Five Room Houses; 1 Six Room House; 1 Two-Story Tin Roof Warehouse, 40x60; 1 40x60 Factory Room, tin roofed, and Mill building.

Terms of sale, Cash. Sale to be confirmed by the Court.

H. L. VOLLERS, Receiver.

oc16-30d

AMERICAN NATIONAL BANK SECURITY 4% SERVICE WILMINGTON N. C.

PLAIN TALK No. 3

If a business man went to his home after his day's work in his office and found the chairs in his library dusty; pictures hanging crooked on the wall; the room cold; a general sense of untidiness, uncleanliness and general disorder, he would register a kick and howl that would be heard all over the house. And yet — this same man spends his hours of business in an office where intelligent and regular janitor service is unknown, in fact where there are no facilities for such service. He sits through the dirt and dust. His clients and friends call; they do not see; they have become accustomed and hardened to the old order of things. And there lies the point. Few NEW faces do come. There is no attraction. Look this square in the face. Is this the case in your business? Think it over. There is a building in Wilmington which remedies all of these and many other troubles for $12.00 a month and up. Brighten up. Stir around a bit. Get yourself in the Murchison National Bank Building, and be proud of your office quarters. Visit the tenants already in this handsome building; talk to them. They have a message for you.

ATLANTIC TRUST & BANKING COMPANY

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Money Ahead Provides For The Day of Adversity

START THAT SAVINGS ACCOUNT TODAY. WE PAY 4 PER CENT. COMPOUND INTEREST EVERY THREE MONTHS. WE ACT AS TRUSTEE, GUARDIAN, ADMINISTRATOR AND EXECUTOR.

MILTON CALDER, President.
J. G. L. GIESCHEN, Vice-President.
THOS. E. COOPER, Vice-President.
R. L. HENLEY, Cashier.

VICTOR TALKING MACHINES AND COLUMBIA GRAPHOPHONES

$25.00, $50.00, $75.00, $100.00 and $200.00 Each.

Also a full stock of latest records, both Victor and Columbia. Our salesman will be glad to give you a demonstration, either at our store or at your home.

C. W. YATES & CO., Stationers

For Anything in the Grocery Line

CALL OR WRITE

J. W. BROOKS

Wholesale Grocer — Wilmington, N. C

Cold Cream Weather Has Arrived

Keep your Hands and Face Soft, Pliable and Beautiful, with PEREDIXO CREAM (the Original Peroxide Cold Cream). It is undoubtedly the best Cold Cream Made; will not grow hair.

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